AVILA BEACH COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT

Post Office Box 309, Avila Beach, CA. 93424 Meeting Room and Office – 191 San Miguel Street, Avila Beach Telephone (805) 595-2664 FAX (805) 595-7623 E-Mail avilacsd@gmail.com

AGENDA

REGULAR BOARD MEETING
7:00 pm Tuesday, August 8th, 2017
BOARD MEETING LOCATION
AVILA BEACH CIVIC ASSOCIATION
191 SAN MIGUEL STREET
AVILA BEACH, CALIFORNIA

CALL TO ORDER: 7:00 P.M.

1. ROLL CALL: Board Members:

Pete Kelley, President Lynn Helenius, Vice President Eric DeWeese, Director Ara Najarian, Director Kristin Berry, Director

2. PUBLIC COMMENT

Members of the public wishing to comment or bring forward any items concerning District operations which do not appear on tonight's agenda may address the Board now. Please state name and address before addressing the Board and limit presentations to 3 minutes. State law does not allow Board action on items not appearing on the agenda.

3. INFORMATION AND DISCUSSION ITEMS

Items of District interest which may be placed on later agendas, or where staff needs to inform Board.

- A. County Reports
 - 1. SLO County Sheriff Department
 - 2. CalFire/County Fire Department
- B. Reports on Attended Conferences, Meetings, and General Communications of District Interest

4. **CONSENT ITEMS:**

These items are approved with one motion. Directors may briefly discuss any item, or may pull any item, which is then added to the business agenda.

- A. Minutes of July11th, 2017 Regular Meeting
- B. Monthly Financial Review
- C. General Manager and District Engineer Report
- D. Water and Wastewater Superintendent Report

5. DISCUSSION OF PULLED CONSENT ITEMS

At this time, items pulled for discussion from the Consent Agenda, if any, will be heard.

- **6. BUSINESS ITEMS:** Items where Board action is called for.
- A. Brown Act Workshop at Port San Luis Harbor District (Action Required: Receive Report, Provide Direction to Staff)
- B. Award Contract for Water Tank #1 Maintenance
 (Action Required: Receive Report, Provide Direction to Staff regarding retaining Advantage Technical Services)
- Purchase of Back-Up Power Generator for First Street Lift Station
 (Action Required: Receive Report, Provide Direction to Staff Regarding Purchase of Back-up Generator)
- D. Consider Adoption of District Financial Reserve Policy
 (Action Required: Receive Report and Consider Adopting Resolution No. 2017-09, adopting a District Reserve Policy)
- E. Avila Beach Recycled Water Facilities Plan (Action Required: Receive Report, Provide Direction to Staff)

7. COMMUNICATIONS/ COORESPONDENCE

At this time, any Director or Staff, may ask questions for clarification, make any announcements, or report briefly on any activities or suggest items for future agendas.

8. Adjourn to next regularly scheduled meeting on Sept 12, 2017

Any writing or document pertaining to an open session item on this agenda which is distributed to a majority of the Board after the posting of this agenda will be available for public inspection at the time the subject writing or document is distributed. The writing or document will be available for public review in the District Administration Office, 191 San Miguel Street, Avila Beach, CA during normal business hours. Consistent with the Americans with Disabilities Act and California Government Code Section 54954.2 requests for disability related modification or accommodation, including auxiliary aids or services may be made by a person with a disability who requires the modification or accommodation in order to participate at the above referenced public meeting by contacting the District at 805-595-2664.

AVILA BEACH COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT MINUTES OF REGULAR MEETING July 11th, 2017

1. CALL TO ORDER

President Pete Kelley called the regular meeting of the Board of Directors of the Avila Beach Community Services District, to order at 7:00 p.m. on the above date, in the Avila Beach Civic Center.

2. ROLL CALL

Board Members Present:

Pete Kelley Lynn Helenius Eric DeWeese Ara Najarian

Staff Present:

Brad Hagemann, General Manager and District Engineer

Kristi Dibbern, Accounting Clerk

Mike Seitz, Legal Counsel

Carinna Butler, Operations Manager FRM

Kristin Berry took the oath of office and joined the Director's table.

3. PUBLIC COMMENTS

4. INFORMATION AND DISCUSSION ITEMS

A. County Reports

1. SLO Sheriff:

Sheriff Voge reported 59 calls for service including 2 assaults with deadly weapons, 0 burglaries at Bob Jones trailhead, and 3 disturbing the peace. Gang graffiti occurred at the east end of the beach. Four gang members and one female victim were involved at a confrontation at the Park Restrooms. The female victim was hospitalized for head injuries. The gang members had warrants for their arrests and were apprehended by the highway patrol later that same evening. Additionally, a Paso Robles resident was beaten near the fire pits in Avila after being accused of stealing a backpack. Other incidents included a man slashing four tires and a drowning incident. A thirty five year old man apparently fell overboard, while kayaking with friends. The County rescue dive team was not able to locate the body due to deep waters.

2. Cal Fire Report:

Cal Fire Battalion Chief Paul Lee was unable to attend the meeting due to local fires.

B. Reports on Conferences, Meetings and General Communications

GM Hagemann reminded the Board members to complete their ethics training. The California Special District's Association (CSDA) training office has created individual logins and passwords for each board member and sent them an email with instructions. Directors should turn in their Certificates of Completion into the District office for our official files. The San Luis Obispo local chapter of the

California Special District Association is hosting an event on July 27th at Tooth & Nail Winery in Paso Robles from 3:30 – 5:30pm.

The Port of San Luis Harbor District will be hosting a Brown Act Seminar on August 30. Information is included in the Board Packet. Please let Kristi Dibbern know if you will be attending.

5. <u>CONSENT ITEMS</u>

President Kelley introduced the consent items and inquired if any member of the Board or public wished to address any items.

- A. Minutes of June 13th, 2017 Regular Meeting
- B. Monthly Financial Review for June
- C. General Manager and District Engineer Report
- D. Capital Projects Status Report
- E. Water and Wastewater Superintendent Report June Report

Director Helenius made the motion to adopt the consent items. Director DeWeese seconded the motion and it passed with a roll call vote 5-0.

AYES:

Lynn Helenius

Eric DeWeese Ara Najarian Pete Kelley Kristin Berry

NOES:

None

6. <u>DISCUSSION OF PULLED CONSENT ITEMS.</u>

None

7. **BUSINESS ITEMS:** Items where Board action is called for.

A. Award Contract for Water Valve Replacement Project, CIP #W-2017/18 - 2

GM Hagemann introduced the item and summarized the Staff Report. He stated this year's approved Capital Improvement Program budget includes \$100,000 for replacement of non-operational water valves and meters. The Board retained MKN & Associates to prepare plans and specifications for the project and staff advertised and circulated the project to experienced contractors. Staff received bids from two firms and after a thorough review, staff determined Brough Construction Inc. of Arroyo Grande, was the apparent low bidder. Hagemann stated Brough Construction has extensive experience in the utility industry and he is confident they can do a good job. Director Kelley made the motion to award the

Page 2 of 5

contract for replacing the water valves to Brough Construction. Director Najarian seconded the motion and it passed with a roll call vote 5-0.

AYES:

Pete Kelley Ara Najarian Eric DeWeese Lynn Helenius Kristin Berry

NOES:

None

B. Confirm Relocation of District Offices and Associated Lease Agreements

Per the Board's direction, Staff notified the District's lessee (Vizdom Software, Inc.), that the Board intends to re-occupy the premises at 100 San Luis Street at the end of the existing lease (December 31, 2017). Additionally, staff notified the District's lessor (Avila Beach Civic Association) that, consistent with the existing lease, the District would like to continue the existing agreement on a month-to-month basis until the District moves to the 100 San Luis Street property. The purpose of this item is for the Board to affirm the above decisions and provide any other direction to staff as we move forward with the transition. Director Kelley made the motion to confirm a move to the Fire Station at 100 San Luis Street in Avila Beach. Director DeWeese seconded the motion and it passed with a roll call vote 5-0.

AYES:

Pete Kelley Eric DeWeese Lynn Helenius Ara Najarian Kristin Berry

NOES:

None

C. Annual Weed Abatement Program

Director Kelley made the motion to adopt Resolution No. 2017-07 Ordering Abatement on 2 Parcels listed APNs 076-221-003 & 076-223-018. Director Najarian seconded the motion and it passed with a roll call vote 5-0.

AYES:

Pete Kelley Ara Najarian Lynn Helenius Eric DeWeese Kristin Berry

NOES:

None

D. Special District Risk Management Authority Board of Directors Election

Director Kelley made the motion to adopt Resolution No. 2017-08 SDRMA Ballot casting District Votes for the following candidates: Timothy Unruh, Mike Scheafer, David Aranda, Jean Bracy. Director DeWeese seconded the motion and it passed with a roll call vote 5-0.

AYES:

Pete Kelley Eric DeWeese Ara Najarian Kristin Berry Lynn Helenius

NOES:

None

E. Wastewater Treatment Plant Discharge Permit Renewal

GM Hagemann summarized the staff report and stated that the District's existing discharge permit was issued in 2009 and the permits are issued for a 5 (five) year timeframe. However, the Water Board (WB) can administratively extend the permit provided the discharger files a timely renewal application. Upon initial review, the draft permit limits and conditions are consistent with the existing permit and does contain a special provision that would allow the District to discharge brine waste through the ocean outfall subject to the submission and approval of a Brine Discharge Study. Operations & Compliance staff are reviewing the draft permit and staff will compile any comments and submit them to the WB by July 21 deadline.

Director Helenius asked if the previously discussed plant upgrades will prevent spills and/or remain in compliance with the discharge permit. GM Hagemann commented that the Recycled Water Facilities Planning Study show the District is proactively leading a regional solutions to wastewater reuse and management.

F. Regular Board Meeting Times.

GM Hagemann commented that Director Najarian requested the Board consider changing the time of the regular meetings from evening to late morning or early afternoon. Legal Counsel Seitz responded that the By-Laws would need to be modified if the Board decides to make a permanent change to the meeting times.

President Kelley expressed his concern with many conflicts in his schedule during daytime hours and preferred to leave the meetings on Tuesday evenings. Director Najarian thinks daytime meetings might facilitate more public members attending the meetings.

After more discussion, President Kelley made a motion to continue to have the meetings on the second Tuesday of each month at 7:00 PM until the District office moves to the former Fire Station. Director DeWeese seconded the motion and it passed with a roll call vote 5-0. Staff was directed to bring this item back for further consideration after the move.

AYES:

Pete Kelley Eric DeWeese Lynn Helenius

Kristin Berry

NOES:

Ara Najarian

8. COMMUNICATIONS:

ADJOURNMENT: The meeting was adjourned at 8:40 p.m.

The next regular meeting of the Avila Beach Community Services District is scheduled for Tuesday, August 8th, 2017 at 7:00 pm.

These minutes are not official nor a permanent part of the records until approved by the Board of Directors at their next meeting.

Respectfully submitted,

Brad Hagemann, PE General Manager

AVILA BEACH COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT

Post Office Box 309, Avila Beach, CA 93424

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Board of Directors

FROM:

Brad Hagemann, General Manager

DATE:

August 8th, 2017

SUBJECT: Monthly Financial Review for July 2017

Recommendation:

Receive and file report.

Overall Monthly Summary

During July the District made deposits in the amount of \$99,951.39 and experienced \$190,567.57 in expenses (cash basis). The deposits by fund and checks by fund are provided as an attachment to this report. Income in June included \$ 7,820.07 in County tax income and \$91,008.09 in monthly water and sewer fees.

Detailed financial reports including a Balance Sheet, Deposits by Fund, Checks by Fund, as well as, a Profit and Loss Sheet for July are provided for your information.

Utility Service Billing

For the month of July the District billed approximately \$101,450.18 in water and sewer service charges. Customer Rate Assistance amounted in a reduction of billing charges to the District in the amount of \$486.57.

Operation and Maintenance

Staff is also including the Fluid Resource Management (FRM) Statement for June & July for 2017. Expenses from both statements have been paid.

Avila Beach Community Services District **Profit & Loss**

July 2017

	Jul 17
Ordinary Income/Expense Income	
4000 · Income Summary 4010 · Operating Revenue 4012 · Solid Waste Franchise Fee 4030 · County Taxes 4090 · Rental Income 4600 · Interest Income	91,008.09 2,679.05 7,820.07 3,262.00 5,144.80
Total 4000 · Income Summary	109,914.01
Total Income	109,914.01
Gross Profit	109,914.01
Expense 5100 · Merchant Credit Card Fees TIB 5200 · Payroll Expenses 5210 · Gross Wages 5211 · Regular Pay	194.79 2,328.00
5012 · Holiday Pay 5014 · Sick Pay 5016 · Vacation Pay	145.50 121.25 242.50
Total 5210 · Gross Wages	2,837.25
5230 · Payroll Taxes	49.84
5240 · Health & Medical Exp. 5242 · Health Ins / Other	600.00
Total 5240 · Health & Medical Exp.	600.00
5250 · PERS Company Pd Expense 5254 · PERS Co Pd Kathy 5256 · PERS Co Pd Kristi	818.48 297.78
Total 5250 · PERS Company Pd Expense	1,116.26
5260 · Work Comp Insurance 5280 · Payroll Administration & Misc.	627.38 100.32
Total 5200 · Payroll Expenses	5,331.05
6000 · Administrative Overheads 6102 · Accounting 6120 · Dues & Subscriptions 6130 · LAFCo Fees 6135 · Legal 6140 · Office Supplies & Postage 6145 · Public Notices	3,767.00 155.60 5,176.00 2,052.80 506.75 297.66

Avila Beach Community Services District **Profit & Loss**

July 2017

	Jul 17
6150 · Rate Assistance 6155 · Rent 6160 · Training 6170 · Website	486.57 820.66 -625.00 200.00
Total 6000 · Administrative Overheads	12,838.04
6500 · Operating Expenses 6503 · Chemicals 6505 · Contract Labor 6520 · Equipment Repair & Maint. 6522 · Equip. Rep. & Maint-Avila & HD 6524 · Eqip. Rep. & Maint. Avila Only 6520 · Equipment Repair & Maint Other	5,382.71 28,006.80 364.37 638.45 2,356.66
Total 6520 · Equipment Repair & Maint.	3,359.48
6525 · Fat Oil & Grease (FOG) 6535 · Insurance 6540 · Lab Tests 6550 · Operating Supplies 6555 · Permits & Fees 6565 · Regulatory Compliance 6567 · Repairs 6580 · Solids Handling 6585 · Telephone / Internet 6590 · Utilities Total 6500 · Operating Expenses 6800 · Water 6802 · Lopez 6805 · State Water Total 6800 · Water	312.00 1,235.46 2,950.40 399.77 307.70 400.00 8,445.87 2,434.00 541.30 3,368.02 57,143.51 50,551.57 25,335.77
Total Expense	151,394.73
Net Ordinary Income	-41,480.72
Other Income/Expense Other Expense 8200 · Non-Operating Expenses 8230 · Capital Purchases in Prog Sani 8231 · WW-1 WWTP Upgrade	24,852.63
Total 8230 · Capital Purchases in Prog Sani	24,852.63
8270 · Capital Purchases in Prog Water 8272 · W-2 Water Systm Valve/ Meter	688.75

Avila Beach Community Services District **Profit & Loss**

July 2017

	Jul 17	
8271 · W-1 Water Tank Improvements	4,130.00	
Total 8270 · Capital Purchases in Prog Water	4,81	8.75
Total 8200 · Non-Operating Expenses		29,671.38
Total Other Expense		29,671.38
Net Other Income		-29,671.38
Net Income		-71,152.10

Avila Beach Community Services District Balance Sheet

	Jul 31, 17
ASSETS Current Assets	
Checking/Savings	
1000 · Cash Summary 1005 · Customer Cash 1008 · Petty Cash 1010 · Heritage Oaks General Checking	130.45 153.52 615,896.21
1025 · Pooled Cash	2,671,663.57
1030 ⋅ B of A - Payroll 1050 ⋅ LAIF	2,775.32 2,239,232.42
1099 · Cash Balance	-2,671,663.57
Total 1000 · Cash Summary	2,858,187.92
Total Checking/Savings	2,858,187.92
Accounts Receivable 1200 · *Accounts Receivable	210,328.79
Total Accounts Receivable	210,328.79
Other Current Assets 1250 · Receivables 1255 · Interest Receivable 1270 · Taxes Receivable 1280 · Water & Sewer Billings	3,019.76 8,787.45 121,045.60
Total 1250 · Receivables	132,852.81
1400 · Prepaid Summary 1410 · Prepaid Insurance	12,508.88
Total 1400 · Prepaid Summary	12,508.88
Total Other Current Assets	145,361.69
Total Current Assets	3,213,878.40
Fixed Assets 1600 · Fixed Assets & Acc. Depr. 1605 · Office Equipment	
1606 · Copier Samsung 2012 1609 · Office Equipment Accum Depr	8,233.58 -6,861.31
Total 1605 · Office Equipment	1,372.27
1610 · Fixed Asset -Office & Admin. 1612 · Office Furniture cost 1614 · Office Furniture Accum Dep.	4,526.21 -4,526.21

Avila Beach Community Services District Balance Sheet

	Jul 31, 17
Total 1610 · Fixed Asset -Office & Admin.	0.00
1620 · Fixed Assets - Sanitary 1622 · Land	60,314.10
1626 · Collection Assets 1627 · Collection Assets Cost 1628 · Collect Assets Accum Depr	1,318,875.26 -352,639.07
Total 1626 · Collection Assets	966,236.19
1630 · Disposal Equipment 1631 · Disposal Equip Cost 1632 · Disposal Equip Accum Depr	523,122.64 -264,042.83
Total 1630 · Disposal Equipment	259,079.81
1635 · Treatment Plant 1636 · Treatment Plant Original 1637 · Treatment Plant Addition 1638 · Treatment Plant Accum Dep	105,000.00 1,909,250.75 -886,106.88
Total 1635 · Treatment Plant	1,128,143.87
1642 · Treatment Equipment 1643 · Treatment Equip Cost 1644 · Treatment Equip Accum Depr 1642 · Treatment Equipment - Other	1,000,455.00 -524,698.87 205,485.61
Total 1642 · Treatment Equipment	681,241.74
Total 1620 · Fixed Assets - Sanitary	3,095,015.71
1650 · Fixed Assets - Water 1652 · Equipment 1653 · Equipment Cost 1654 · Equipment Accum Depr	21,136.28 -21,136.28
Total 1652 · Equipment	0.00
1656 · Distribuation Assets 1657 · Distribuation Assets Cost 1658 · Dist Assets Accum Depr	1,109,466.00 -562,263.35
Total 1656 · Distribuation Assets	547,202.65
Total 1650 · Fixed Assets - Water	547,202.65
1680 · Structures - Fixed Asset 1681 · Structures GFAAG - Sani & FA 1682 · Gen / Fire Accum Dep	29,810.00 -29,810.00

Avila Beach Community Services District Balance Sheet

	Jul 31, 17
Total 1680 · Structures - Fixed Asset	0.00
1690 · Construction in Progress	17,812.74
Total 1600 · Fixed Assets & Acc. Depr.	3,661,403.37
Total Fixed Assets	3,661,403.37
Other Assets 1800 · Deferred Outflows of Resources	7,850.00
Total Other Assets	7,850.00
TOTAL ASSETS	6,883,131.77
LIABILITIES & EQUITY Liabilities Current Liabilities Accounts Payable 2100 · Accounts Payable	78,340.71
Total Accounts Payable	78,340.71
Other Current Liabilities 2200 · Payroll Liabilities 2260 · Vacation Payable 2262 · Sick Pay Accrued 2240 · Health Insurance 2241 · Employee	1,236.90 2,194.50 0.01
Total 2240 · Health Insurance	0.01
Total 2200 · Payroll Liabilities	3,431.41
2300 · Deposits Held 2303 · Water Deposits Held 2304 · Fire Station Deposit 2305 · Capacity Fees Held	7,680.00 2,000.00 252,907.16
Total 2300 · Deposits Held	262,587.16
Total Other Current Liabilities	266,018.57
Total Current Liabilities	344,359.28
Long Term Liabilities 2400 · Net Pension Liability 2500 · Deferred Inflows of Resources	115,049.00 15,115.00
Total Long Term Liabilities	130,164.00

Avila Beach Community Services District Balance Sheet

	Jul 31, 17
Total Liabilities	474,523.28
Equity 3900 · Retained Earnings Net Income	6,479,760.59 -71,152.10
Total Equity	6,408,608.49
TOTAL LIABILITIES & EQUITY	6,883,131.77

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Avila Beach Community Services District Deposits by Fund July 2017

Туре	Date	Memo	Split	Amount	Balance
General Deposit Deposit Deposit	General / Admin posit 07/10/2017 posit 07/10/2017 posit 07/10/2017	TCF JUNE 17 ME - IMP # 1 - Gen .70, Water .25, Lights .05 Rental Income from Cash acct	· Heritage · Heritage · Heritage	-282.79 -3,260.00 -500.00	-282.79 -3,542.79 -4,042.79
Deposit Deposit Deposit Deposit	07/10/2017 07/13/2017 07/20/2017 07/25/2017 07/26/2017	from Cash acct F: 0895 A: 0760 - IMP # 1 - Gen .70, Water .25, Lights .05 Reimbursement Brad GM Conference from Cash acct F: 0895 A: 0760 - IMP # 1 - Gen .70, Water .25, Lights .05	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene 1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene 1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene 1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	-200.00 -513.41 -625.00 -725.00	-4,242.79 -4,756.20 -5,381.20 -6,106.20 -8,034.89
Total Ge	Total General / Admin			-8,034.89	-8,034.89
Lights Deposit Deposit Deposit	07/10/2017 07/13/2017 07/26/2017	TCF JUNE 17 ME - IMP # 1 - Gen .70, Water .25, Lights .05 F: 0895 A: 0760 - IMP # 1 - Gen .70, Water .25, Lights .05 F: 0895 A: 0760 - IMP # 1 - Gen .70, Water .25, Lights .05	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene 1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene 1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	-20.19 -36.67 -137.76	-20.19 -56.86 -194.62
Total Lights	ghts			-194.62	-194.62
Sanitary	>				
Deposit	07/05/2017	Sani Rec Bate Assistance	Oaks	-2,885.80	-2,885.80
Deposit	07/05/2017	1/2 Other 1	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	0.00	-2,819.60
Deposit Deposit	07/05/2017	1/2 Other 2 Sani Bec		55.17	-2,764.43
Deposit	07/06/2017	Rate Assistance	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene 1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	-1,409.02 8.27	-4,1/3.45
Deposit Deposit	07/06/2017 07/06/2017	1/2 Other 1 1/2 Other 2	Oaks	50.00	4,115.18
Deposit	07/07/2017	Sani Rec	· Heritage Oaks	-641.38	-4,115.18
Deposit	07/07/2017	Rate Assistance	· Heritage Oaks	0.00	-4,756.56
Deposit	07/07/2017	1/2 Other 2	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene 1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	0.00	-4,756.56
Deposit	07/09/2017	Sani Rec	· Heritage Oaks	-943.32	-5,699.88
Deposit Deposit	07/09/2017 07/09/2017	Rate Assistance	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	11.58	-5,688.30
Deposit	07/09/2017	1/2 Other 2	· Heritage Oaks	-41.32	-5,729.62
Deposit	07/10/2017	TCF JUNE 17 ME - WASTE PROP TAX	· Heritage Oaks	-408.58	-6,138.20
Deposit	07/10/2017	Sani Rec Rate Assistance	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene 1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	-8,379.56 8.27	-14,517.76
Deposit	07/10/2017	1/2 Other 1	Oaks	0.00	-14,509.49

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Avila Beach Community Services District Deposits by Fund

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CPOSIT	Jul

Туре	Date	Memo	Split	Amount	Balance
Deposit	07/10/2017	1/2 Other 2	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	0.00	-14.509.49
Deposit	07/11/2017	Sani Rec	Oaks	-2.571.86	-17,081.35
Deposit	07/11/2017	Rate Assistance	Oaks	41.37	-17,039.98
Deposit	07/11/2017	1/2 Other 1	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	0.00	-17,039.98
Deposit	07/11/2017	1/2 Other 2	Oaks	-7.55	-17,047.53
Deposit	07/12/2017	Sani Rec	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	-2,623.14	-19,670.67
Deposit	07/12/2017	Rate Assistance	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	33.10	-19,637.57
Deposit	07/12/2017	1/2 Other 1		0.00	-19,637.57
Deposit	07/12/2017	1/2 Other 2	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	0.17	-19,637.40
Deposit	07/13/2017	F: 0895 A: 0760 - CURR SECURED TAX		-741.27	-20,378.67
Deposit	07/13/2017	Sani Rec	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	-2,723.55	-23,102.22
Deposit	07/13/2017	Rate Assistance		0.00	-23,102.22
Deposit	07/13/2017	1/2 Other 1		0.00	-23,102.22
Deposit	07/13/2017	1/2 Other 2		20.62	-23,081.60
Deposit	07/13/2017	000162 Community Park Restroom 5/26 - 6/27/17		-1,074.23	-24,155.83
Deposit	07/16/2017	Sani Rec		-115.70	-24,271.53
Deposit	07/16/2017	Rate Assistance	· Heritage	0.00	-24,271.53
Deposit	07/16/2017	1/2 Other 1	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	0.00	-24,271.53
Deposit	07/16/2017	1/2 Other 2		0.00	-24,271.53
Deposit	07/17/2017	Sani Rec	-	-5,399.35	-29,670.88
Deposit	07/17/2017	Rate Assistance		0.00	-29,670.88
Deposit	07/17/2017	1/2 Other 1	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	0.00	-29,670.88
Deposit	07/17/2017	1/2 Other 2	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	0.15	-29,670.73
Deposit	07/17/2017	ACH 7/13/17 - 000162 Community Park Restroom 5/26 - 6/27/17	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	1,074.23	-28,596.50
Deposit	07/18/2017	Sani Rec	1005 · Customer Cash	-224.60	-28,821.10
Deposit	07/18/2017	Rate Assistance	1005 · Customer Cash	33.10	-28,788.00
Deposit	07/18/2017	1/2 Other 1	1005 · Customer Cash	0.00	-28,788.00
Deposit	07/18/2017	1/2 Other 2	1005 · Customer Cash	-68.20	-28,856.20
Deposit	07/19/2017	Sani Rec	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	-2,029.39	-30,885.59
Deposit	07/19/2017	Rate Assistance	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	8.27	-30,877.32
Deposit	07/19/2017	1/2 Other 1	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	0.00	-30,877.32
Deposit	07/19/2017	1/2 Other 2	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	139.51	-30,737.81
Deposit	07/20/2017	Sani Rec		-7,217.90	-37,955.71
Deposit	07/20/2017	Rate Assistance	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	8.27	-37,947.44
Deposit	07/20/2017	1/2 Other 1		00.00	-37,947.44
Deposit	07/20/2017	1/2 Other 2	· Heritage	41.91	-37,905.53
Deposit	07/24/2017	Sani Rec		-770.88	-38,676.41
Deposit	07/24/2017	Rate Assistance	Heritage	8.27	-38,668.14
Deposit	07/24/2017	1/2 Other 1	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	00:00	-38,668.14

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Avila Beach Community Services District Deposits by Fund

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Balance	-38,751.93 -41,272.46 -41,247.64 -41,250.52 -44,028.05 -44,370.32 -44,370.32 -44,370.32 -44,373.42 -44,373.42 -44,373.42	-44,373.42	-1,595.62 -2,679.05	-2,679.05	-2,535.28 -2,469.08 -2,413.90 -2,413.91 -3,595.47 -3,587.19 -3,537.19 -3,854.64 -3,854.64 -4,765.72 -4,754.13 -4,754.13
Amount	-83.79 -2,520.53 24.82 0.00 -2.88 -2,777.53 -342.27 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	-44,373.42	-1,595.62 -1,083.43	-2,679.05	-2,535.28 66.20 0.00 55.18 -0.01 -1,181.56 8.28 50.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.
Split	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene		1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene 1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene		1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene
Memo	1/2 Other 2 Sani Rec Rate Assistance 1/2 Other 1 1/2 Other 2 TCF FY 1 YE BAL - WASTE - PROP TAX Sani Rec Rate Assistance 1/2 Other 2 Sani Rec Rate Assistance 1/2 Other 2 Sani Rec Rate Assistance 1/2 Other 1 1/2 Other 1		5-2107 May 2017 Waste Connections Franchise Fee SW 6-2107 May 2017 Waste Connections Franchise Fee SW		Water Rec Rate Assistance 1/2 Other 1 1/2 Other 2 Kristen Berry + .01 ck over Water Rec Rate Assistance 1/2 Other 2 Water Rec Rate Assistance 1/2 Other 1
Date	07/24/2017 07/25/2017 07/25/2017 07/25/2017 07/25/2017 07/31/2017 07/31/2017 07/31/2017 07/31/2017 07/31/2017 07/31/2017	ınitary	'aste 07/11/2017 07/25/2017	Total Solid Waste	07/05/2017 07/05/2017 07/05/2017 07/05/2017 07/06/2017 07/06/2017 07/06/2017 07/07/2017 07/07/2017 07/07/2017 07/07/2017
Туре	Deposit	Total Sanitary	Solid Waste Deposit 07/ Deposit 07/	Total Sc	Water Deposit

Page 4

Avila Beach Community Services District Deposits by Fund

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Type	Date	Memo	Split	Amount	Balance
Deposit	07/09/2017	1/2 Other 2	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	-41.32	-4.795.45
Deposit	07/10/2017	TCF JUNE 17 ME - IMP # 1 - Gen .70, Water .25, Lights .05	Oaks	-101.00	-4.896.45
Deposit	07/10/2017		Oaks	-6,100.97	-10,997.42
Deposit	07/10/2017	Rate Assistance	Oaks	8.28	-10,989.14
Deposit	07/10/2017	1/2 Other 1	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	0.00	-10,989.14
Deposit	07/10/2017	1/2 Other 2	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	00.0	-10,989.14
Deposit	07/11/2017	Water Rec		-3,581.80	-14,570.94
Deposit	07/11/2017	Rate Assistance	Oaks	41.38	-14,529.56
Deposit	07/11/2017	1/2 Other 1	Oaks (0.00	-14,529.56
Deposit	07/11/2017	1/2 Other 2	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	-7.56	-14,537.12
Deposit	07/12/2017	Water Rec	· Heritage Oaks	-2,007.70	-16,544.82
Deposit	07/12/2017	Rate Assistance		33.10	-16,511.72
Deposit	07/12/2017	1/2 Other 1	-	00.0	-16,511.72
Deposit	07/12/2017			0.18	-16,511.54
Deposit	07/13/2017	F: 0895 A: 0760 - IMP # 1 - Gen .70, Water .25, Lights .05	$\overline{\cdot}$	-183.36	-16,694.90
Deposit	07/13/2017	Water Rec	· Heritage	-2,861.67	-19,556.57
Deposit	07/13/2017	Rate Assistance	-	00.0	-19,556.57
Deposit	07/13/2017	1/2 Other 1		00.0	-19,556.57
Deposit	07/13/2017		 Heritage Oaks 	20.63	-19,535.94
Deposit	07/13/2017	001483 Front St Irrigation 5/26 - 6/27/17		-1,495.92	-21,031.86
Deposit	07/13/2017	001622 San Juan Park Irrigation 5/26 - 6/27/17	· Heritage Oaks	-2,861.76	-23,893.62
Deposit	07/13/2017	000162 Community Park Restroom 5/26 - 6/27/17	· Heritage	-769.64	-24,663.26
Deposit	07/16/2017	Water Rec	· Heritage	-115.70	-24,778.96
Deposit	07/16/2017	Rate Assistance	$\bar{\cdot}$	00.0	-24,778.96
Deposit	07/16/2017	1/2 Other 1		00.0	-24,778.96
Deposit	07/16/2017	1/2 Other 2	-	00.0	-24,778.96
Deposit	07/17/2017	Water Rec	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	-8,694.17	-33,473.13
Deposit	07/17/2017	Rate Assistance	-	00.0	-33,473.13
Deposit	07/17/2017	1/2 Other 1	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	00.00	-33,473.13
Deposit	07/17/2017	1/2 Other 2	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	0.15	-33,472.98
Deposit	07/17/2017			1,495.92	-31,977.06
Deposit	07/17/2017	ACH 7/13/17 - 001622 San Juan Park Irrigation 5/26 - 6/27/17		2,861.76	-29,115.30
Deposit	07/17/2017	ACH 7/13/17 - 000162 Community Park Restroom 5/26 - 6/27/17		769.64	-28,345.66
Deposit	07/18/2017	Water Rec	· Customer	-219.20	-28,564.86
Deposit	07/18/2017	Hate Assistance	· Customer	33.10	-28,531.76
Deposit	07/18/2017	1/2 Other 1	$\tilde{\cdot}$	0.00	-28,531.76
Deposit	07/19/2017	Water Boo		-68.20	-28,599.96
Deposit	07/19/2017	water nec Rate Assistance	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene 1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	-2,096.11 8.28	-30,696.07
))

Avila Beach Community Services District Deposits by Fund July 2017

Type Date	Memo	Split	Amount	Balance
07/19/2017		1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	0.00	-30,687,79
07/19/2017	17 1/2 Other 2	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	139.52	-30,548.27
07/20/2017	17 Water Rec	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	-9.687.46	-40,235.73
07/20/2017	_	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	8.28	-40,227.45
07/20/2017		1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	0.00	-40,227.45
07/20/2017	_	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	41.91	-40,185.54
07/24/2017	17 Water Rec	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	-1,042.59	-41,228.13
07/24/2017	_	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	8.28	-41,219.85
07/24/2017	•	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	0.00	-41,219.85
07/24/2017		1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	-83.79	-41,303.64
07/25/2017		1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	-2,353.52	-43,657.16
07/25/2017	_	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	24.83	-43,632.33
07/25/2017		1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	0.00	-43,632.33
07/25/2017		1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	-2.88	-43,635.21
07/26/2017		1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	-688.82	-44,324.03
07/31/2017	17 Water Rec	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	-342.28	-44,666.31
07/31/2017		1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	0.00	-44,666.31
07/31/2017		1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	0.00	-44,666.31
07/31/2017		1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	0.00	-44,666.31
07/31/2017	17 Water Rec	1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	-3.10	-44,669.41
07/31/2017		1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	0.00	-44,669.41
07/31/2017		1010 · Heritage Oaks Gene	0.00	-44,669.41
07/31/2017	17 1/2 Other 2	Oaks	0.00	-44,669.41
Total Water			-44,669.41	-44,669.41
			-99,951.39	-99,951.39

Avila Beach Community Services District Checks by Fund w/Accounts July 2017

190,567.57

190,567.57

TOTAL

Avila Beach Community Services District Checks by Fund w/Accounts July 2017

Type	Date	Num	Name	Мето	Account	Amount	Balance
Check Check	07/11/2017 07/11/2017	1265 1265	Fluid Resource Management, Inc. Fluid Resource Management, Inc.	June Ops Inv. F15984 Chemicals Inv. A15900	6505 · Contract Labor 6503 · Chemicals	5,356.00	11,160.35
Check	07/11/2017	1265	Fluid Resource Management, Inc.	Inv. #W15507 Power Outage 2/17/17	6524 · Eqip. Rep. & Maint. Avila	560.78	11,983.66
Check	07/11/2017	1265	Fluid Resource Management, Inc.	Inv. #W15818 Annual Sampling DMR	6565 · Regulatory Compliance	325.00	12,308.66
Check	07/11/2017	1265	Fluid Resource Management, Inc.	Inv. #1W15846 Sed Sludge Pump		1,579.38	13,888.04
Check	07/11/2017	1265	Fluid Resource Management, Inc.	Inv. W15918 Prepare May 2017 DMR		75.00	13,963.04
Check	7102/12/17	1000	AIQ.	acct # x U885 Internet		85.73	14,048.77
Check	07/24/2017	1266	Speed's, Inc.	Inv. 56929 Solid Waste Hauling 06/28/17		1,226.50	15,275.27
Check	07/24/2017	1269	Opena S, IIIC.	Inv. 5/041 Solid Waste nauling 0//11/1/		1,207.50	16,482.77
Check	07/24/2017	1971	Branntag Davitio Inc	Dacknow testing Inv. 71713		75.00	16,557.77
Check	07/24/2017	1272	Brenntad Pacific Inc.	IIIV. DF1 27983U 7/6/17 & 2798298 7/13/17	6503 · Chemicals	2,341.40	18,899.17
Check	07/24/2017	1275	Underground Services	Annual Membershin Fees	6303 · Crienicals 6120 · Dues & Subscriptions	1,127.10	20,026.27
Check	07/24/2017	1277	Miners Ace Hardware	Office Supplies		77.00	20,104.07
Check	07/24/2017		PG&E	Wasta Water Diant and # 6200004026 o and o	6524 · Eqip. Rep. & Maint. Avila	37.67	20,141.74
Check	07/04/0017		1 2 2	Waste Water Flain acci # 0300034230-0 3fd &	opan : Utilities	2,057.34	22,199.08
Check	07/31/2017		1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0	Lift Station acct# 6338432238-2	6590 · Utilities	64.73	22,263.81
Chock	07/31/2017		A181	acct # 805 595-7619 618 0	6585 · Telephone / Internet	114.65	22,378.46
CIECK	01/31/2017		Alœl	acct # 805 595-9416 904 5	6585 · Telephone / Internet	150.97	22,529.43
Total (Total Sanitary					22,529.43	22,529.43
Water							
Check	07/05/2017	1252	Michael Nunley & Assoc.	C.I.P. Water Valve Replacement Inv. 3544	8272 · W-2 Water Systm Valve/	688.75	688.75
Check	07/05/2017	1254	SLO County Public Works	Lopez Water FY 2017-18	6802 · Lopez	50,551.57	51,240.32
Check	07/05/2017	1256	SLO County Public Works	State Water FY 2017-18	6805 · State Water	22,532,74	73,773.06
Check	07/10/2017	1259	SLO County Public Works	State Water FY 2017-18 O & M Wheeling	6805 · State Water	2,803.03	76,576.09
Check	07/11/2017	1265	Fluid Resource Management, Inc.	June Ops Inv. F15984	6505 · Contract Labor	12,400.80	88,976.89
Check	07/11/2017	1265	Fluid Resource Management, Inc.	C.I.P. Water Tank Improvements Inv. C15942 So		4,130.00	93,106.89
Check	07/11/2017	1265	Fluid Resource Management, Inc.	Inv. #W15759 210 Laurel Water Leak		8,445.87	101,552.76
Check	07/11/2017	1265	Fluid Resource Management, Inc.	Inv. W15864 69 San Miguel Street Water Leak Fi		777.28	102,330.04
Check	07/24/2017	1270	Water Systems Consulting, Inc.	WW-1 Recycled Water Facilities Planning Study I		24,852.63	127,182.67
Check	07/24/2017	12/4	SLO Co Health	INV. #0109428 Cross Connection	6555 · Permits & Fees	157.70	127,340.37
Cleck	07/24/2017	1275	Underground Services BC 8 E	Annual Membership Fees	6120 · Dues & Subscriptions	77.80	127,418.17
200	01/24/2011		ממח	Water Tank acct # 4807713956-5	6590 · Utilities	160.06	127,578.23
Total Water	Water					127,578.23	127,578.23



2385 Precision Drive Arroyo Grande, CA 93420 www.frm-ops.com

CA Lic #937346

Statement

Date	
6/30/17	

Amount Enc.

Phone #

805.597.7100

Fax #

805.597.7171

California Certified Small Business #1120142

Amount Due

To:

Avila Beach Community Services District P.O. Box 309 191 San Miguel Street Avila Beach, CA 93424

				\$49,260.24		
Date		Transaction		Amount	Balance	
	348F11001 Monthly OP	S/Maint-				
06/30/17	INV #F15984. Orig. Amo	unt \$17,756.80.		17,756.80	17,756.80	
	348F11001 Monthly OP	S/Maint:348FW11001				
	Water:348AW17001 Ad					
04/11/17	INV #A15704. Orig. Amo	unt \$182.74.		182.74	17,939.54	
05/17/17	INV #A15821. Orig. Amo	unt \$147.81.	a	147.81	18,087.35	
06/13/17	INV #A15900. Orig. Amo	unt \$262.53.		262.53	18,349.88	
	348F11001 Monthly OP	S/Maint:348FWW1100	01			
	Wastewater:348AWW17	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
05/17/17	INV #A15822. Orig. Amo	unt \$1,455.53.		1,455.53	19,805.41	
	QB17-0058 Solar Bee Ins	stallation-				
06/15/17	INV #C15942. Orig. Amo			4,130.00	23,935.41	
	W15253 WW-2 Effluent	Line Beneix				
03/31/17	INV #W15253-3. Orig. Ar	•	-	10,623.50	34,558.91	
05/22/17	W15482 Recirculation P INV #W15482. Orig. Amo	(*)		190.90	24.740.04	
03/22/11	1111V # W15462, Olig. Allic	Julit \$190.90.		190.90	34,749.81	
	W15507 Power Outage-					
06/28/17	INV #W15507. Orig. Amo	ount \$560.78.		560.78	35,310.59	
	W15525 Power Outage-					
05/26/17	INV #W15525. Orig. Amo	ount \$1,350.71.		1,350.71	36,661.30	
CURRENT	1-30 DAYS PAST	31-60 DAYS PAST	61-90 DAYS PAST	OVER 90 DAYS	Amount Due	
	DUE	DUE	DUE 	PAST DUE		
34,796.00	3,658.00	182.74	10,623.50	0.00	\$49,260.24	



2385 Precision Drive Arroyo Grande, CA 93420 www.frm-ops.com CA

CA Lic #937346

Statement

Date	
6/30/17	

Phone #

805.597.7100

Fax #

805.597.7171

To:

Avila Beach Community Services District P.O. Box 309 191 San Miguel Street Avila Beach, CA 93424 California Certified Small Business #1120142

Amount Enc.

Amount Due

				\$49,260.24	
Date		Transaction		Amount	Balance
05/22/17	W15532 Temp Pump Co INV #W15532. Orig. Amo			513.05	37,174.35
05/31/17	W15721 Prepare DMR R INV #W15721. Orig. Amo			50.00	37,224.35
06/29/17	W15759 210 Laurel Land INV #W15759. Orig. Amo			8,445.87	45,670.22
05/31/17	W15796 Sludge Testing 1 INV #W15796. Orig. Amo			75.00	45,745.22
05/31/17	W15814 DMR Reporting INV #W15814. Orig. Amo	•		100.00	45,845.22
06/29/17	W15818 Prepare 2017 A INV #W15818. Orig. Amo			325.00	46,170.22
05/31/17	W15825 Respond to Pow INV #W15825. Orig. Amo	-		329.18	46,499.40
06/29/17	W15846 Sec Sed Pumps- INV #W15846. Orig. Amount \$1,579.38.			1,579.38	48,078.78
06/30/17	W15864 Firesprinkler lea	_		777.28	48,856.06
06/29/17	W15918 Prepare May 20 INV #W15918. Orig. Amo			75.00	48,931.06
CURRENT	1-30 DAYS PAST DUE	31-60 DAYS PAST DUE	61-90 DAYS PAST DUE	OVER 90 DAYS PAST DUE	Amount Due
34,796.00	3,658.00	182.74	10,623.50	0.00	\$49,260.24



To:

2385 Precision Drive Arroyo Grande, CA 93420 www.frm-ops.com CA I

CA Lic #937346

Statement

Date	
6/30/17	

Amount Enc.

Phone #

Avila Beach, CA 93424

805.597.7100

Fax #

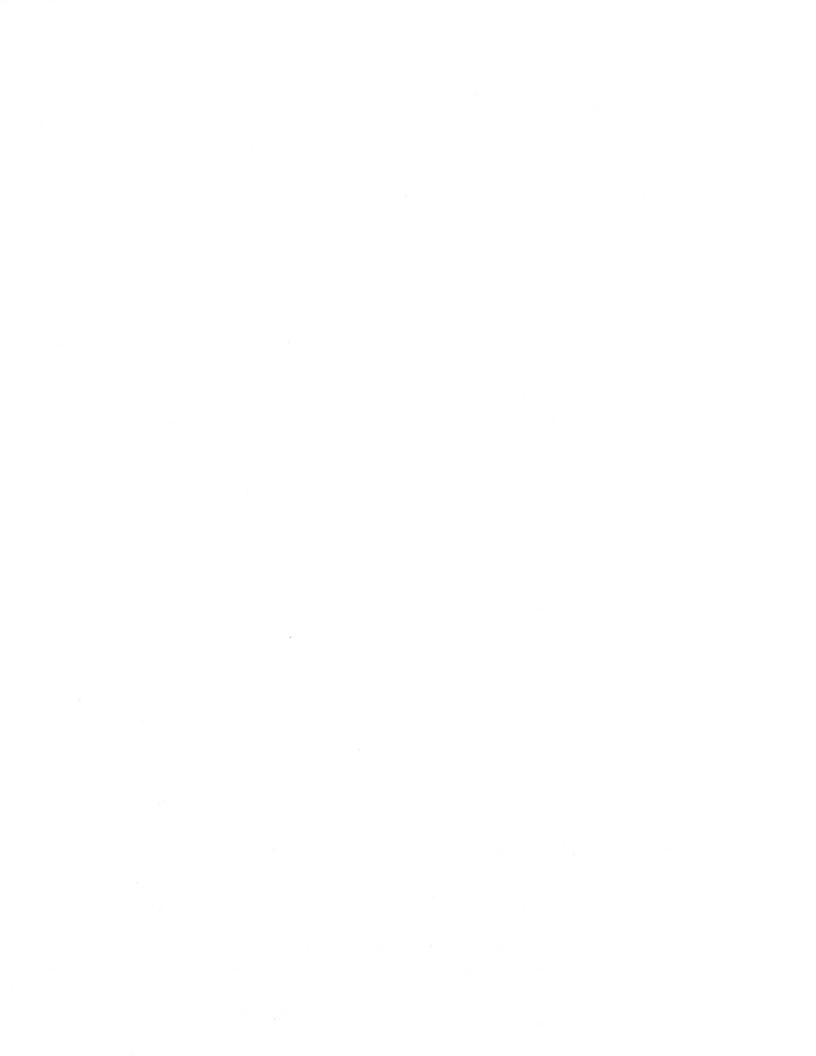
805.597.7171

California Certified Small Business #1120142

Amount Due

Avila Beach Community Services District P.O. Box 309 191 San Miguel Street

				\$49,260.24	
Date		Transaction		Amount	Balance
06/29/17	W15926 Low Chlorine A INV #W15926. Orig. Am			329.18	49,260.24
CURRENT	1-30 DAYS PAST DUE	31-60 DAYS PAST DUE	61-90 DAYS PAST DUE	OVER 90 DAYS PAST DUE	Amount Due
34,796.00	3,658.00	182.74	10,623.50	0.00	\$49,260.24



Statement

Date 7/31/17

Amount Enc.

Phone #

805.597.7100

Fax #

805.597.7171

California Certified Small Business #1120142

Amount Due

To:

Avila Beach Community Services District P.O. Box 309 191 San Miguel Street Avila Beach, CA 93424

				\$42,060.09	
Date		Transaction		Amount	Balance
07/30/17	348F11001 Monthly OPS	•		17,756.80	17,756.80
07/12/17	348F11001 Monthly OPS Water:348AW17001 Add INV #A16018. Orig. Amon	Services water-		1,460.28	19,217.08
07/12/17	348F11001 Monthly OPS Wastewater:348AWW17 INV #A16019. Orig. Amou	002 Add Services Was		562.95	19,780.03
03/31/17	W15253 WW-2 Effluent I INV #W15253-3. Orig. An	•		10,432.60	30,212.63
05/22/17	W15482 Recirculation Pu INV #W15482. Orig. Amo			190.90	30,403.53
07/21/17	W15633 Influent Pumps INV #W15633. Orig. Amo			8,177.31	38,580.84
07/21/17	W15867 Wet Well High L INV #W15867. Orig. Amo			232.18	38,813.02
07/21/17	W15896 PID Loop- INV #W15896. Orig. Amo	unt \$1,908.18.		1,908.18	40,721.20
06/29/17	W15926 Low Chlorine Ala INV #W15926. Orig. Amo	unt \$329.18.		329.18	41,050.38
CURRENT	1-30 DAYS PAST DUE	31-60 DAYS PAST DUE	61-90 DAYS PAST DUE	OVER 90 DAYS PAST DUE	Amount Due
31,107.41	329.18	190.90	0.00	10,432.60	\$42,060.09



2385 Precision Drive Arroyo Grande, CA 93420 www.frm-ops.com CA

CA Lic #937346

Statement

Date	
7/31/17	

Amount Enc.

Phone #

805.597.7100

Fax #

805.597.7171

California Certified Small Business #1120142

Amount Due

To:

Avila Beach Community Services District P.O. Box 309 191 San Miguel Street Avila Beach, CA 93424

				\$42,060.09	
Date		Transaction		Amount	Balance
07/14/17	W15960 Supernate Clea INV #W15960, Orig. Amo			448.10	41,498.48
07/21/17	W16033 Wet Well High Level Alarm 7/02/201- INV #W16033. Orig. Amount \$110.93.			110.93	41,609.41
07/21/17	W16043 Internet Connec INV #W16043. Orig. Amo			450.68	42,060.09
				-	
CURRENT	1-30 DAYS PAST	31-60 DAYS PAST	61-90 DAYS PAST	OVER 90 DAYS	Amount Due
31,107.41	329.18	DUE 190.90	O.00	PAST DUE 10,432.60	\$42,060.09

AVILA BEACH COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT

Post Office Box 309, Avila Beach, CA. 93424

ME MORANDUM

TO:

Board of Directors

FROM:

Brad Hagemann, General Manager

DATE:

August 8th, 2017

SUBJECT:

General Manager/District Engineer Report

Painting First Street Lift Station Pump House

Staff is happy to report that the First Street Lift Pump House has recently received new door hardware that will provide better security and a fresh coat of paint. Staff retained a San Luis Obispo based painting contractor "Under the Sun Painting" who was working in the area, to pressure wash, scrape and sand the door and trim, apply caulking where needed and apply 2 coats of paint (3 coats on the door). The work was completed and inspected on Tuesday August 1.

Zone 3 Technical and Advisory Committee Meetings

The Zone 3 Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) met on Thursday, August 3, 2017, at the Arroyo Grande City Hall. The Agenda for the TAC meeting and the meeting notes from the July 6 TAC meeting are provided as an attachment to this report. As of this writing Lopez Lake is at an elevation of 496 feet, 59% capacity and has approximately 29,000 acre feet of water in storage (800 AF less than a month ago). The Zone 3 sub-contractors have initiated a series of meetings to discuss potential changes to the existing Lopez Water Project Contract. Staff will keep the Board apprised of any proposed changes.

Water Valve Replacement Project

Staff has issued the "Notice of Award" to Brough Construction for Water Valve Replacement Project. The Contractor is providing the necessary insurance and bond paperwork and staff anticipates work will begin on or about August 9 and will be completed by the end of August. Sections of the water distribution system will shut down for 2-4 hours during the day and the contractor will provide at least 24 hour notice of the shutdown.

FY 2016/17 Audit

Staff from Fedak and Brown conducted their initial audit testing on May 15, 2017. They will be returning on August 16 and 17 to complete their field auditing work. We anticipate presenting the results of the FY 2016/17 Audit at the October or November 2017 Board meeting.

WWTP Permit Renewal Comment Letter

In accordance with the Regional Water Quality Control Board requirements staff provided the attached comments on the draft Waste Discharge Requirements Order No. R3-2017-0025. Staff anticipates the Regional Board staff we review the comments and provide a written response as part of the agenda item it that will be considered by the Regional Water Board at their September 21, 2017 meeting.





Today is National Watermelon Day!

Thursday August 3, 2017 9:00-11:00 AM ARROYO GRANDE CITY HALL 300 BRANCH STREET 2nd FLOOR CONFERENCE ROOM

Agenda

1. Announcements	All
General Operations and Water Report Monthly Operations Report	David
Lopez Dam Storage Projections (two versions)Summary Notes/Action Items - July	
Capital Improvement Project Update	David
 4. Board Resolution for remaining under LRRP in 17/18 August 22nd, BOS meeting date 	David
5. ECORPS Contract Change ModelingDiscuss Scenarios to be modeled	All
 6. Santa Maria Groundwater Basin Modeling – Funding Cost sharing Agreement with City of Pismo/and Budget Adjustment to BOS on September 19th 	Dan Heimel/Dave
7. Spillway Assessment Update	David
8. Agenda items next month?	All

Attachments:

- A. Lopez Monthly Operations Report Distributed at meeting
- B. Lopez Reservoir Storage Projections Distributed at meeting
- C. July Summary Notes Attached with Agenda

Next Meeting September 7, 2017





TECHNICAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE

THURSDAY July 6, 2017 (9:00-11:00 AM)

SUMMARY NOTES - DRAFT

ARROYO GRANDE CITY HALL

Attendees: Chris Magdosku (Arroyo Grande), Ben Fine (Pismo Beach), Brandon Shea (Pismo), Greg Ray (Grover Beach), Jim Garing, Paavo Ogren (OCSD), Brad Hagemann (ABCSD), Vard Ikeda (Ag), Dan Heimel (WSC), Dan Migliazzo (SMMWC), Jill Ogren (PW Dept), Joe Phillips (PW Dept),

1. **Announcements** – City of Pismo installing pilot plant at their wastewater treatment plant for RGSP with tentative August date to be online. City of Pismo job opening for a Regulatory Compliance Coordinator, open until July 17th.

2. General Operations and Water Supply Report

- Lake Elev. = 497.77 ft, Storage = 29.780 AF @ 60.5% capacity; Downstream releases are at 4.5 MGD (instantaneous reading); WTP at 4.5 MGD; SWP at 1.0 MGD. Water quality is good, treating terminal reservoir for algae blooms, odor level at 7. pH is about 7.78. City of AG noted a complaint they received regarding water hardness from a customer, confirmation was given that water from Lopez is hard at this time.
- Storage Projection handout distributed.
- Request made for inflow numbers for Lopez Lake, numbers were not pulled from FRM.
- Jill Ogren noted on the June Summary Notes, TAC is in favor of including the Wireless Project in 17/18 Budget (\$45K) and will probably be funded from savings of O&M or District Designated Reserves. Noted the new minimum pool as being 1700 AF.

3. Downstream Release Plan for WY 17-18

- After the June 1, 2017 TAC meeting, Jill Ogren met with Ag reps, Vard Ikeda and Brian Talley, on June 6, 2017 to develop a downstream release schedule for WY 17-18. Downstream releases will be 3,800 AF while reservoir is at 20,000 AF or higher under the LRRP.
- 160 AF/month is the minimum flow per the IDRS.
- Flows will be monitored at Rodriguez Bridge, Halcyon Rd, and 22nd Street during summer months to ensure flows are not going to the Ocean and that groundwater recharge is maximized.
- · Ag is returning to normal farming operations prior to drought.

4. Capital Improvement Project Update

The CIP Status report was distributed. PLC Replacement & Programming to begin August 7, 2017 which will lead to the Membrane Strainer Replacement Project and the 6th Rack Addition with work completing in September. FY 17-18 projects have not been scheduled yet.

- Parking & Roadway Resurfacing Due to begin in August. Lopez WTP requested work to be done after strainer install.
- Pismo meters installation Work was not budgeted for in FY17-18 but will be done anyway and billed to the agency.
- City of AG meters will be installed in FY 17-18. Estimated \$10,000 12,000 per meter for Brisco and Edna locations.
- SCADA project Waiting for update with IT personnel involved.
- Membrane Strainer Replacement and 6th Rack Installation Plant will be shut down for a week. A
 request for a contingency plan to be in place if an issue with state water occurs. Groundwater pumping
 may need to be considered as a backup plan. A notice will be sent out a week prior to work taking
 place.

5. Draft Board Resolution for Remaining Under LRRP in 17-18

No handout provided. A draft has been prepared, but has not been reviewed by Public Works Management. The Draft requests authorization for San Luis Obispo County Flood Control and Water

Conservation District Zone 3 to continue under the LRRP retroactively from February 8, 2017 until March 31, 2018. TAC weighed in on information to include in draft to the Board of Supervisors for approval.

6. ECORPS Contract Modeling Update

- Two handouts provided concerning concepts and alternatives associated with a contract storage model.
- Discussed defining modeling options and TAC providing ECORPS a direction by the August 3, 2017
 TAC meeting, it will also be discussed at the July NCMA meeting. TAC needs to come up with a list of
 questions regarding the different options, some will be filtered into ECORPS analysis and others into
 separate discussions.

7. Santa Maria Groundwater Basin Modeling – Funding Recommendation to Advisory Committee

Funding recommendation to be taken to Advisory Committee on July 20, 2017. Discussion on last minute change to the amount of District Designated Reserve Funding requested (~\$117,000) per budget changes with WSC managing the work.

- 8. By-pass Pipeline Testing Update No access available to video pipeline. Only way to test pipeline would be to fill with water and pressurize. Per WSC, this will be expensive. Testing the pipeline is not critical at this point in time and will be placed as a future agenda item.
- 9. Spillway Assessment Presentation Mark Hutchinson put together a presentation concerning Lopez Dam's spillway assessment. Jill Ogren briefly went over the presentation for TAC. Mark Hutchinson will be giving a full, detailed presentation at the Zone 3 Advisory Committee meeting on July 20, 2017.

10. Agenda Items Next month -

Next meeting August 3, 2017

Summary Notes Prepared by Jenny Williamson



AVILA BEACH COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT

Post Office Box 309, Avila Beach, CA 93424 Office and Meeting Room - 191 San Miguel Street, Avila Beach Telephone (805) 595-2664 FAX (805) 595-7623 E-Mail Avilacsd@gmail.com

July 13, 2017

Ms. Sheila Soderberg Central Coast Regional Water Quality Control Board 895 Aerovista Place, Suite 101 San Luis Obispo, CA 93401

Subject: Comments on Draft Waste Discharge Requirement Order No. R3-2017-0025, NPDES Permit No. CA0047830, for the Avila Beach Community Services District (District) Wastewater Treatment Plant

Dear Ms. Soderberg,

Thank you for the opportunity to provide comments on the Subject draft permit. As requested the District the posted the Notice of Public Hearing at their Administrative Office in Avila Beach and published the Notice in the San Luis Tribune on Wednesday June 21. We have requested the Proof of Publication from the Tribune and we will forward that to you as soon as we receive it.

The District's Comments are as follows:

Order

- 1. Discharger: The Avila Beach Community Services District is the sole owner of the wastewater treatment plant. The Port San Luis Harbor District has contracted with the CSD for a prescribed amount of capacity in the plant. The District has contracted with Fluid Resource Management for operating and maintaining the wastewater treatment plant through November 2018. As the sole owner of wastewater treatment plant, the District requests that the Avila Beach Community Services District be named as the only Discharger on the Permit.
- 2. We noted that the proposed draft Permit has added effluent limits for copper and zinc. The District has no objection to those new effluent limits.

- 3. We noted that Water Board staff added a provision for brine waste disposal through the ocean outfall. The District appreciates this added provision and will likely prepare a Brine Waste Disposal Study for a limited amount of brine waste disposal.
- 4. The first sentence in Paragraph 5.a.viii., on Page 14 appears to be a sentence fragment.
- 5. Attachment C, Flow Schematic of the Order shows the Sludge Disposal going to the Santa Paula WWTP. The District is no longer disposing of sludge at Santa Paula. The District has been hauling sludge to the City of Soledad WWTP and/or Liberty Composting.

Monitoring and Reporting Program (MRP) & Fact Sheet

- 1. The proposed MRP includes a new requirement to meter Influent and Effluent (daily flow & maximum daily flow). The District currently only meters and records the effluent flow. The District requests that they not be required to install an influent flow metering and recording device (at a cost of \$5,000 \$7,500) since the existing effluent monitoring device provides the same information.
- 2. The draft permit does not require semiannual chloroform or tributyltin monitoring, but these constituents are still mentioned in the reporting schedule with the semiannual report (table E-10 on page E-16).
- 3. Page F-37 of the Fact Sheet refers to the BOD/TSS removal rate as 85%, although the main body of the Order at paragraph III.A.1.c. (page 7) maintains the BOD/TSS removal at 75%.
- 4. Fact Sheet, Paragraph VII.E.2. (bottom of page F-37) states that "The Order retains the requirements of the previous permit to conduct pretreatment monitoring and reporting." However, the pretreatment monitoring does not appear to be included in the draft MRP. Staff agrees that continuation of additional pretreatment monitoring may not be appropriate based on the results of the previous year's data. The District requests clarification of this issue.

General Comments

1. Recycled Water Facilities Planning Grant – As Board staff knows, the District and the San Miguelito Mutual Water Company are collaborating on Proposition 13 Water Recycling Facilities Planning Grant Project. The project agreement was approved by the State Board in March 2016, for a funding amount of up to \$75,000. The District retained Water Systems Consulting, Inc. to conduct the study and we anticipate the draft report will be completed by late July or early August, 2017. Staff is optimistic that the report will provide the analysis and framework for consideration of a regional water recycling project that will minimize the District's discharge to the ocean.

2. Chevron Environmental Management Company recently approached the District regarding the possibility of discharging up to 2,000 gallons per day of extracted and treated groundwater from the former Avila Tank Terminal to the District's sewage collection system. The groundwater cleanup project has historically and, is currently regulated by the Central Coast Water Board. CEMC is currently trucking the treated groundwater off-site. As you would expect the treated groundwater contains very little Biochemical Oxygen Demand or Suspended Solids (less than 10 mg/L) and no coliform. Total dissolved solids (TDS) are on the order of 11,000 - 12,000 mg/L due to the ocean influence on the extracted water.

CEMC believes disposing of the treated groundwater to the District's WWTP will reduce traffic impacts, safety risks, and greenhouse gas emissions associated with trucking the wastewater off-site. District staff has reviewed the water quality data from the groundwater cleanup project and all pollutants are well below the proposed permit effluent limitations. District staff intends to continue the discussion with CEMC including making arrangements for additional water quality analysis and discharging a 2,000-3,000 gallon batch of treated groundwater to the collection system to determine if the discharge has any negative impacts on the plant.

District staff does not recommend the proposed Permit be revised in any way to allow the District to accept this relatively small, but new discharge. We wanted to simply advise Water Board staff that the District is considering the discharge and would welcome any comments. Based on input from CEMC staff, District staff anticipates that the discharge will be temporary in nature (up to 3 years) until the CEMC cleanup project is completed. In addition, if/when the District moves forward with a water recycling project we would likely cease accepting the discharge due to the relatively high TDS levels.

Thank you again for the opportunity to comment on the draft order and we look forward to working with you and the Central Coast Water Board on the Permit renewal.

Best regards,

Brad Hagemann, PE General Manager



FLUID RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

OPERATIONS • MAINTENANCE • MECHANICAL

August 3, 2017

Avila Beach Community Services District 191 San Miguel Street Avila Beach, CA 93424

SUBJECT: JULY 2017 MONTHLY FACILITY REPORT FOR THE AVILA BEACH COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT, WATER SYSTEM AND COLLECTION SYSTEM

WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT

Areas within the wastewater plant that are known to accumulate solids continue to be manually cleaned on a regular basis. The Chlorine Contact Chamber floor is vacuumed out on a weekly basis. These solids, if left to decompose, can have a negative effect on the effluent quality leaving the facility.

The new SCADA computer was installed and the old computer will be used as a backup.

On 4th of July weekend Staff responded to a Wet Well High Level alarm. Upon arrival Staff found flow coming into the plant at an increased rate causing the wet well level to rise higher than normal.

Staff responded to the SCADA computer being offline due to no Internet. Upon arrival, Staff reset the router; it stayed on for 20 minutes but then turned off. Internet was not restored until several hours later. Internet reception is starting to become intermittent/maybe the router is going bad and it is recommended to get AT&T out there to troubleshoot the router or to get a more stable Internet like Satellite. When the Internet goes out the SCADA system cannot send out alarms and the SCADA computer cannot be accessed remotely.

Staff responded to a power fail alarm for the Lift Station. Upon arrival Staff started the Honda trash pump to start moving flow forward and the vacuum truck was mobilized. After further inspection, it was found that the lock on the electrical panel was missing and someone turned the breaker off. Staff put on a new lock and turned the breaker on. After power was restored Staff went to the wastewater treatment plant as the influent wet well level was high due to flow being backed up; Staff stayed until levels had dropped.

The influent wet well had grease and debris removed from it to prevent the pumps plugging. Staff will clean this on an as needed basis.

WATER SYSTEM

The small water storage tank continues to be used as standby, with FRM Staff monitoring the water quality in the tank and flushing as needed. FRM Staff continues to monitor the chlorine residuals and shock the system with additional chlorine as needed.

Staff prepared the lead and copper bottles and letters and passed them out to the residents on the sampling plan.

COMPLIANCE RECORD AND PLANT PERFORMANCE

Plant Design for Influent BOD is 270 mg/L. The permit limit for Effluent TSS and BOD is a Monthly Average of 40 mg/L with a Daily Maximum of 90 mg/L.

Staff compiled the data to complete the monthly Self-Monitoring Report and Discharge Monitoring Report DMR) in Central Integrated Water Quality Service (CIWQS). Once approved, the reports are uploaded into CIWQS and certified by ABCSD Staff.

Sample results for July 30th were not available at the time this report was compiled.

Sincerely,

FLUID RESOURCE MANAGEMENT



Carinna Butler Operations Manager

ATTACHMENTS

- Self-Monitoring Report
- ABCSD Average Daily WWTP Effluent Flow (2015-2017)
- ABCSD Monthly Total WWTP Effluent Flow (2015-2017)
- Port San Luis Monthly Total Flow (2015-2017)
- Monthly Average Influent BOD (2015-2017)
- Monthly Average Effluent BOD (2015-2017)
- Monthly Water Purchased From Lopez (2015-2017)
- ABCSD Monthly Water Sold (2015-2017)

California Regional Water Quality Control Board, Central Coast Region

Avila Beach CSD Wastewater Treatment Facility

7/27/17

7/30/17

Min

Mean

23

15

21

25

BOD Removal: 94.8%

DISCHARGER SELF-MONITORING ORDER R3-2009-0055 NPDES CA0047830 WDID 3 400101001

Month: JULY 2017

324

82

317

572 2.4 l

2.4 DNQ

2.4 DNQ

2.4 DNQ

Monthly report due last day of following month Annual report due January 30

15 13	Dai	ly Flow (N	IGD)	Effluent Monitoring					
Date	Total	Max (gpm)			Biweekly Fecal Coliform	Daily Chlorine Residual			
1	0.073131	110	51	Coliform		<0.02			
2	0.082887	139	58			<0.02			
3	0.073159	131	51			<0.02			
4	0.073162	124	51	2	<2	<0.02			
5	0.051555	114	41			<0.02			
6	0.053626	88	37	<2	<2	<0.02			
7	0.067966	129	47			<0.02			
8	0.075122	116	52			<0.02			
9	0.075254	112	52		-	<0.02			
10	0.059261	100	41			<0.02			
11	0.058518	98	41	5	<2	<0.02			
12	0.062911	95	44			<0.02			
13	0.063028	95	44	2	<2	<0.02			
14	0.069029	118	48			<0.02			
15	0.078596	123	55			<0.02			
16	0.081972	110	57			<0.02			
17	0.064783	102	45			<0.02			
18	0.063060	105	44	<2	<2	<0.02			
19	0.062234	94	43			<0.02			
20	0.061980	102	43	<2	<2	<0.02			
21	0.073050	109	51			<0.02			
22	0.084023	112	58			<0.02			
23	0.077916	114	54			<0.02			
24	0.064264	107	44			<0.02			
25	0.065280	101	46	<2	<2	<0.02			
26	0.066437	102	46			<0.02			
27	0.065203	123	45	<2	<2	<0.02			
28	0.071600	204	50			<0.02			
29	0.084466	120	59			<0.02			
30	0.079100	117	55						
31	0.066212	116	46			<0.02			
Min	0.051555	88	37	<2	<2	<0.02			
Mean	0.069316	114	48	<2	<2	<0.02			
Max	0.084466	204	59	5	<2	<0.02			
Total	2.148785	Effluent daily (dry weather) flow NTE 0.2 MGD (mean).							

	Biweekly Effluent	Biweekly Effluent	Biweekly Influent	Biweekly Influent	Monthly Effluent
Date	BOD (24 HC)	TSS (24 HC)	BOD (24 HC)	TSS (24 HC)	Oil & Grease (Grab)
7/2/17	23	20	420	442	
7/6/17	17	18	419	220	
7/9/17	25	25	591	440	
7/13/17	15	16	328	272	2.4 DNQ
7/16/17	25	22	298	82	
7/20/17	17	15	325	184	
7/23/17	22	22	409	572	

407

298

400

591

Effluent and Influent Monitoring

Effluent Monitoring

24

15

20

25

Date	Weekly Set. Solids (Grab)	Weekly Turbidity (Grab)	Weekly pH (Grab)	Weekly Temp °F (Grab)	
7/6/17	0.1	30.0	6.7	74	
7/13/17	<0.1	13.6	6.7	75	
7/20/17	<0.1	17.3	6.6	74	
7/27/17	<0.1	29.2	6.6	75	
Min	<0.1	13.6	6.6	74	
Mean	<0.1	22.5	6.7	75	
Max	0.1	30.0	6.7	75	

Effluent Limits

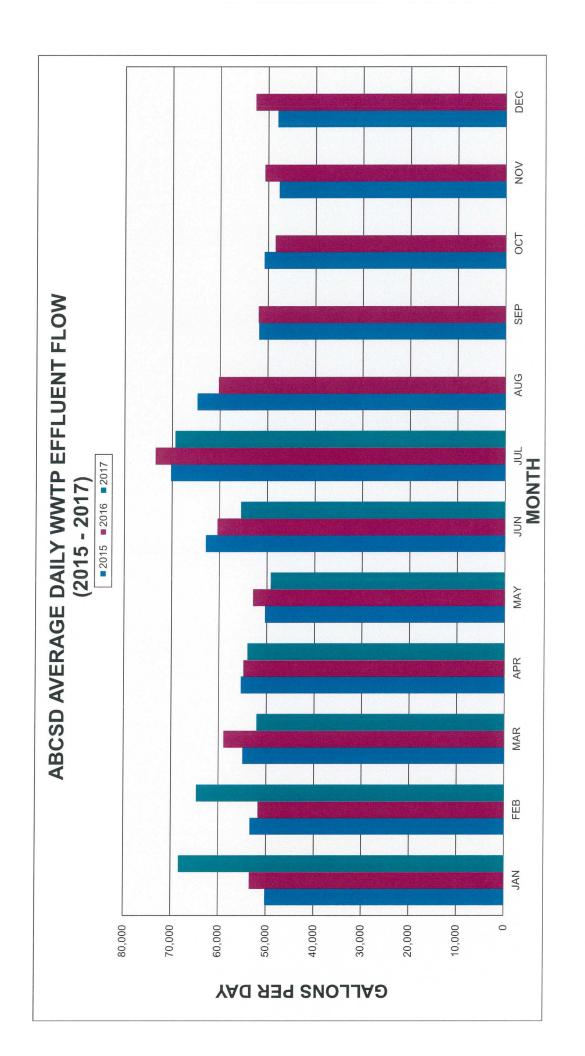
Parameter	Units	Monthly Avg	Weekly Avg	g Daily Max				
BOD	mg/L	40	60	90				
Suspended Solids	mg/L	40	60	90				
Oil and Grease	mg/L	25	40	75				
Turbidity	NTU	75	100	225				
		7 Sample Median: 23						
Total Coliform	MPN/ 100 mL	More than once in 30 days: 240						
	TOOTHE	Daily Maximum: 2,400						
Chlorine Residual	mg/L	6 Month M	6 Month Median: 0.3					
рН	pH units	Between 6.0 - 9.0						
Settleable Solids	mL/L	1.0	3.0					
BOD/TSS Removal	%	≥ 75%	***					

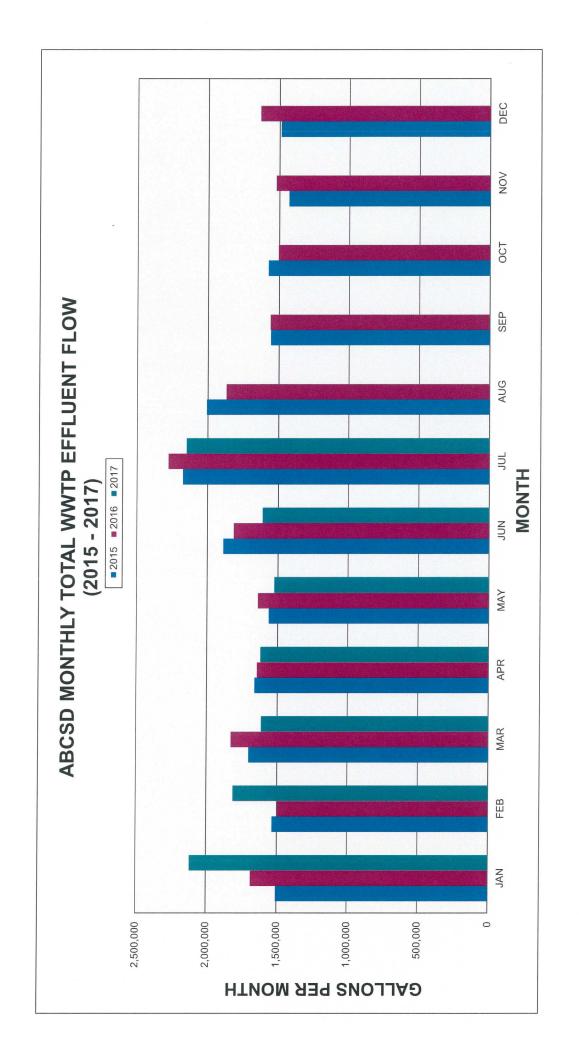
Sludge Removal

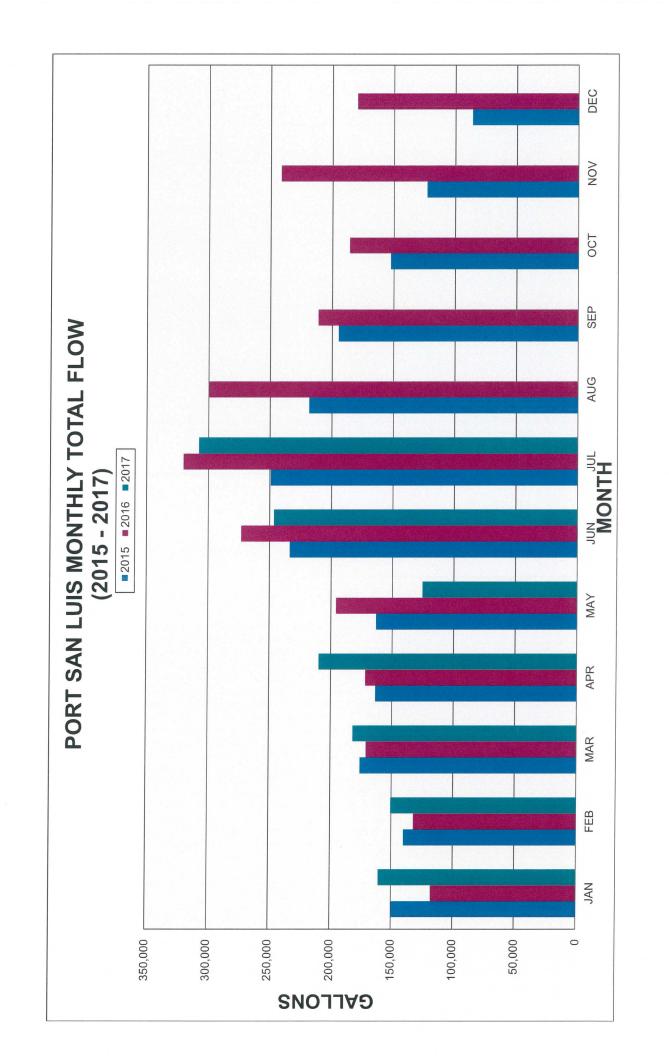
Date	Gallons (Est.)			
7/6/17	4,500			
7/18/17	4,500			

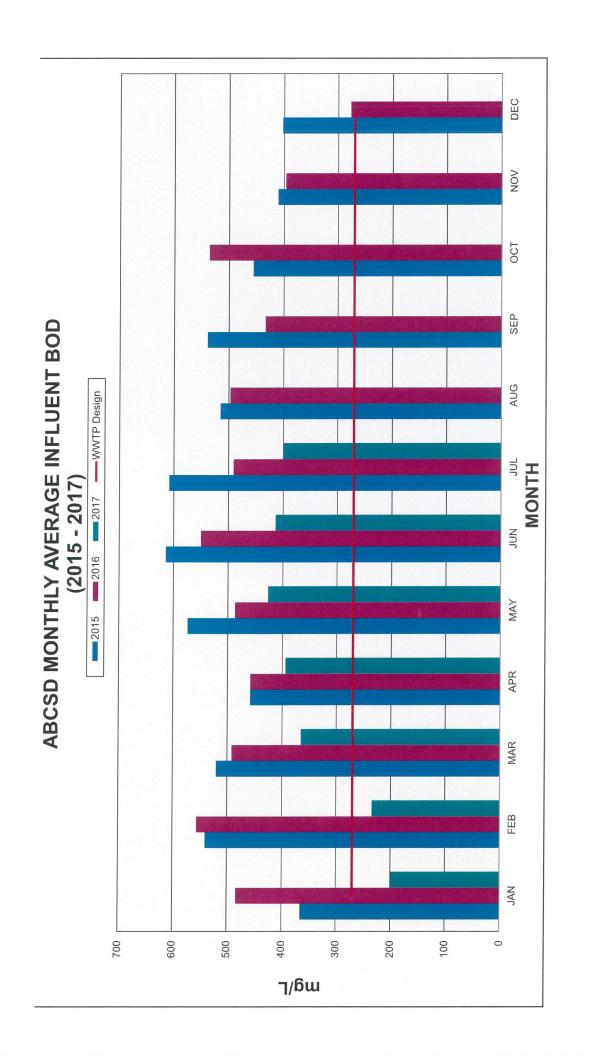
I certify under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and accurate and that the sampling procedure and analysis used are as specified in the Waste Discharge Order for this facility.

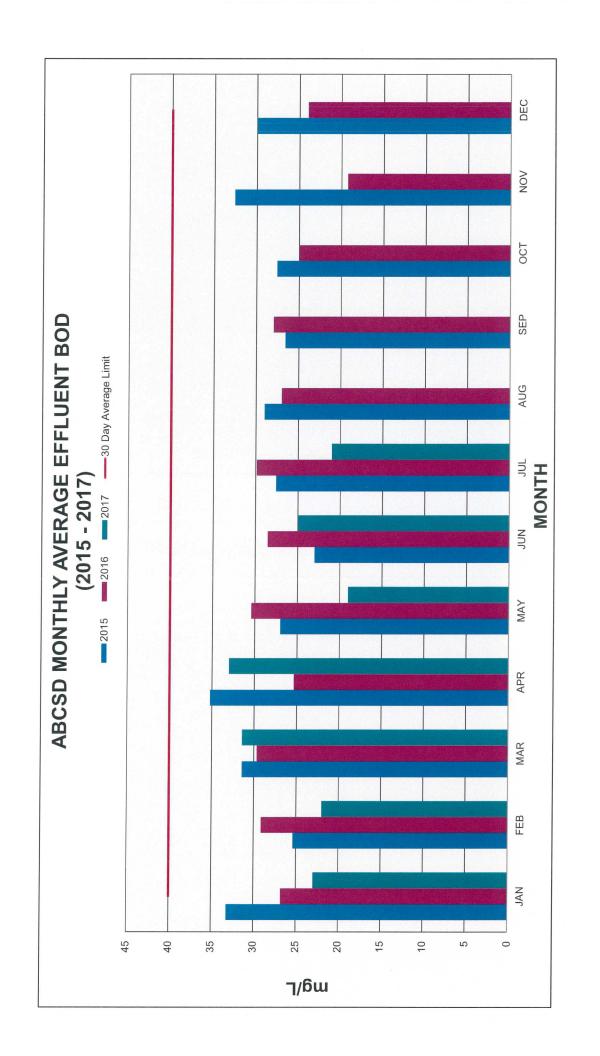
SIGNATURE:	DATE:				
PRINTED NAME:	TITLE:				

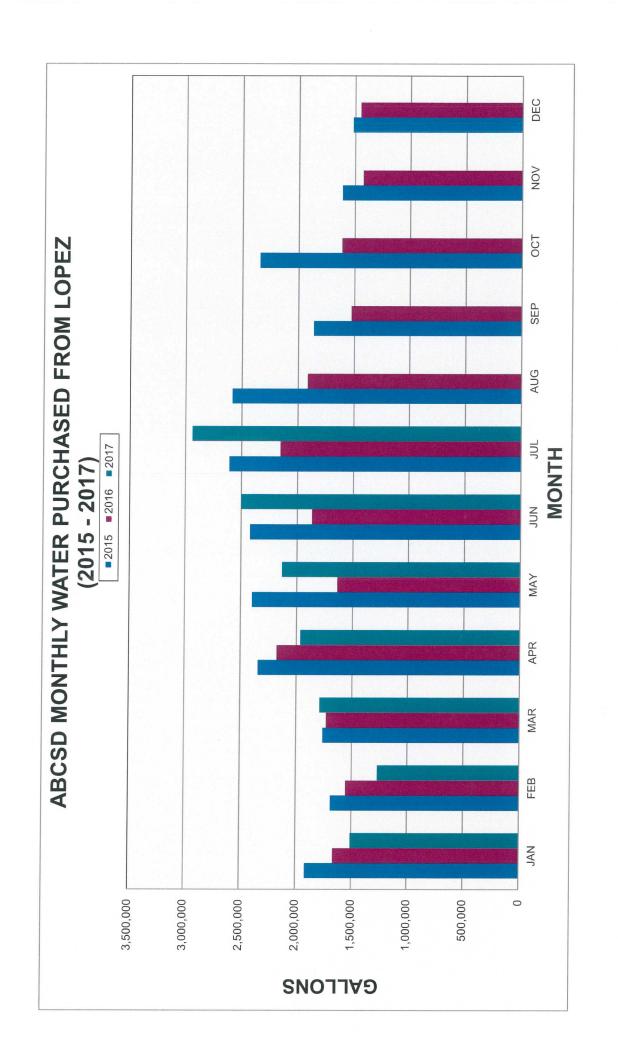


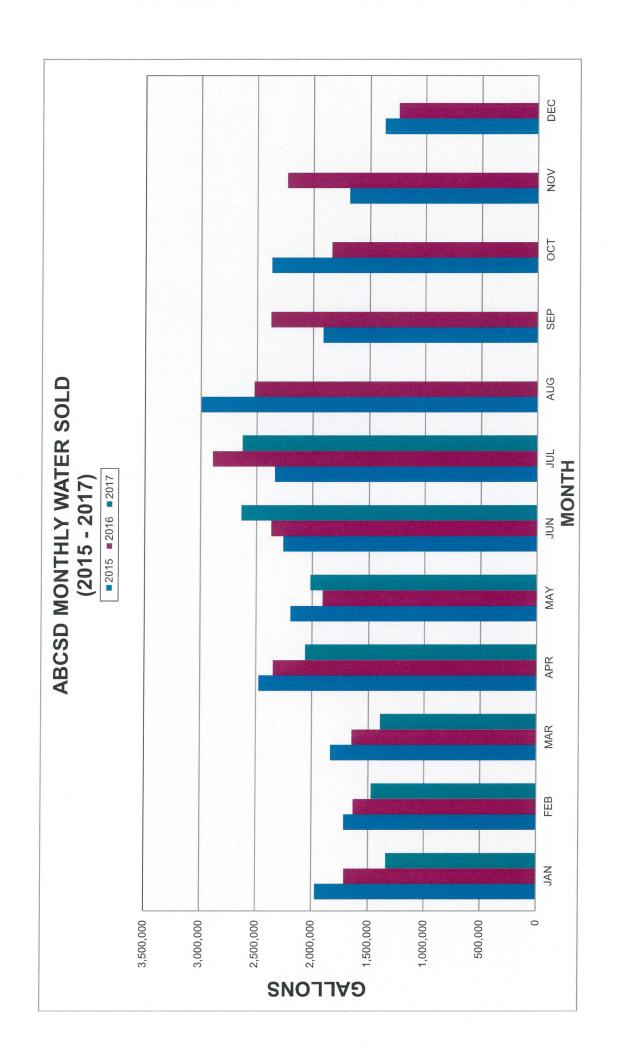












AVILA BEACH COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT

Post Office Box 309, Avila Beach, CA. 93424

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Board of Directors

FROM:

Brad Hagemann, General Manager

DATE:

August 8, 2017

SUBJECT:

Brown Act Workshop at Port San Luis Harbor District

Recommendation:

Receive Report and Provide Direction to Staff

Funding:

The cost of the Workshop is \$25 per person. The approved FY 2017/18 budget includes more than adequate funding for Board members to attend the Workshop

Discussion:

The California Special District Association (CSDA), in coordination with the Port San Luis Harbor District, is sponsoring a half-day Workshop on August 30, 2017, entitled "Understanding the Brown Act". The Flyer for the Workshop is attached. This will be a great opportunity for Board members to get an overview/refresher of the Brown Act and ask questions of the experts. Please let Kristi if you would like to attend and she will submit the registration form.



California Special Districts Association

Districts Stronger Together

UNDERSTANDING THE BROWN ACT

DATES AND LOCATIONS:

August 16 - North of the River Recreation and Park District, Bakersfield - Central Network

August 23 – South Feather Water and Power Agency, Oroville – Northern Network

August 30 - Port San Luis Harbor District, Avila Beach - Coastal Network

September 6 - Coachella Valley Water District, Coachella - Southern Network

November 1 - East Bay Municipal Utility District, Oakland - Bay Area Network

November 8 - Stockton East Water District, Stockton - Sierra Network

The Ralph M. Brown Act, California's open meetings law, provides legal requirements to help ensure the right of access to information and transparency in local government decision making. This workshop will guide attendees through the ins and outs of the Brown Act, including:

- What constitutes a meeting including committees, advisory boards, and serial meetings;
- Information on different types and manner of conducting meetings including special meetings, emergency
 meetings, and closed sessions;
- · Agenda requirements, notice requirements, and public participation at meetings; and
- Potential penalties for violating the Brown Act.

SCHEDULE:

9:00 - 9:30 a.m.	Registration
9:30 - 10:00 a.m.	Grassroots Outreach & Legislative Updates for Special Districts
10:00 a.m. – 12:00 p.m.	Understanding the Brown Act
12:00 — 1:00 p.m.	District Network Discussion Lunch sponsored by the California Special Districts Alliance

REGISTRATION: (includes lunch and one complimentary copy of CSDA's new Brown Act Guide)

☐ CSDA Member — \$25 ☐ Non-Member — \$40							
Name:							
Title:							
District:							
Address:							
City:	State:	Zip:					
Phone:	Email:	and a second					

Mail or fax completed form to:

CSDA, 1112 | Street, Suite 200, Sacramento, CA 95814 • fax: 916.520.2465

Questions?

Please contact us toll-free at 877.924.2732.

AVILA BEACH COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT

Post Office Box 309, Avila Beach, CA. 93424

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Board of Directors

FROM:

Brad Hagemann, General Manager

DATE:

August 8, 2017

SUBJECT:

Award Contract for Maintenance on Water Tank #1

Recommendation:

Staff recommends that the Board direct staff to retain Advantage Technical Services, Inc. for internal and external tank coating repairs on Tank #1.

Funding:

The District's approved FY 2017-18 Capital Improvement Program budget includes budgetary item number W-2017/18-1 Water Tank Maintenance Items in the amount of \$50,000 for the maintenance and repair of Water Tanks #1 and #2.

Discussion:

In February 2017, the District retained Advantage Technical Services, Inc. (ATS), to clean and inspect the District's two potable water tanks. At the April 2017 Board meeting, staff presented the results of the inspection and the Board directed staff to include funding in the FY 2017/18 budget to complete the recommended maintenance items.

On July 26, 2017, staff met with ATS owner, Will Bellis. After reviewing the inspection results with Bellis, staff requested ATS to provide a proposal for completing the internal and external coating repairs on Tank #1. ATS's proposal for repairs includes up to 2 days of spot repairs on the interior and exterior of the tank, including a confined tank entry and conducting the spot repairs while the tank is full. The water in the tank will be tested prior to putting the tank back on-line. Staff recommends the Board retain ATS to complete the work outlined in their proposal for an amount not to exceed \$10,264.

Staff also requested ATS to prepare an options analysis proposal for the work needed on Tank #2. The work needed on Tank #2 is more extensive and will likely require preparation of plans and specifications for the bidding process. Staff will bring that proposal to the Board at a future meeting.

Estimate for:

Avila Beach CSD Tank #1 Potable Water Coating Repairs w/ Confined Space Entry Vacuum Recovery Preparation on Interior



ADVANTAGE TECHNICAL SERVICES, Inc.

Specialty Engineering & Inspection Company (805)595-2282

2 Days of Spot Repair on Worst Areas, Interior & Exterior

Pre-job	Hours	Rate	OT Hours	Estimate	
		(\$)/hr			
Engineering (PE)	0	175.00		\$ -	1
Tank Inspector (API653, AWS CWI)	0	145.00		\$ -	
Coating Inspector	0	145.00		\$ -	
ASNT Level III NDE Engineer	0	145.00		\$ -	
Procurement/Materials	4	110.00		\$ 440.00	
Mobilization/Demobilization	6	110.00		\$ 660.00	
			10.76		\$ 1,100.00 Pre-Job Subtotal
Potable Confined Space Entry Team	Hours	Total	OT Hours		
Minimum 3 person team required		Hrly Rate			
Entrant	16	122.00		\$ 1,952.00	
Diver, Standby Entrant	16	71.00		\$ 1,136.00	
Hole Watch, Diver's Tender	16	70.00	Description of the Control of the Co	\$ 1,120.00	
Materials mix., Asst. Tender	16	67.00		\$ 1,072.00	
Entry Consumables	1	85.00		\$ 95.00	Breathing air, batteries, fuel
Entry Equipment	1	125.00		\$ 125.00	ie. Crew truck, equip., generator,
Overhead 28%	16	116.20		\$ 1,859.20	Insurance, indirects, equip.
Profit 7%	16	37.80		\$ 604.80	
					\$ 7,964 Dive Team Sub-Total
Special Equipment & Materials	Qty.	Rate			
Interior coating material, NSF approved	6	55		\$ 330.00	
Misc. coating consumables				\$ 280.00	w/ epoxy and polyurethane mat'l
Exterior coating epoxy & urethane				\$ 190.00	Approximate match of finish coat
					\$ 800.00 Special Equip & Matl
Post Job	Qty.	Rate			
Coating Inspector	2	145.00		\$ 200.00	Photo documentation of work
Misc. Admin.	2	90.00		\$ 200.00	
*				\$ -	
					\$ 400.00 Post-Job Sub-Total
Travel & Per Diem	Qty.	Rate			
Miles	0	\$ 0.75		\$ -	
Per Diem	0	\$ -		\$ -	
Market Company					\$ - Travel Sub-Total

Cost Estimate	v		
Contingence	/:	0%	\$ -
Pre-Jo	o: \$	1,100	\$ 1,100.00
Confined Space Entry / Dive Tear	n: \$	7,964.00	\$ 7,964.00
Special Equipment and Material	s: \$	800.00	\$ 800.00
Post Jo	o: \$	400.00	\$ 400.00
Trave	1: \$	-	\$
Subcontractor & mark-u):		\$
			\$ -
E	\$ 10,264.00		

Pre and post testing of water is recommended but would be outside of ATS' scope

All work will be conducted on a time and materials basis. This estimate will not be exceeded without approval. Coating application in wet environment is intended to extend the life of the overall coating system but will not match the aesthetics or life of coatings applied in dry conditions with optimal preparation.

Close match of exterior coating will be the goal but is not guaranteed due to weathered condition etc.

AVILA BEACH COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT

Post Office Box 309, Avila Beach, CA. 93424

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Board of Directors

FROM:

Brad Hagemann, General Manager

DATE:

August 8, 2017

SUBJECT:

Purchase Stand-By Generator and Switch Gear for the First Street Pump Station

Recommendation:

Staff recommends that the Board award a contract to All-Tech Services Inc., for the purchase of a stand-by generator and transfer switch for the First Street Pump Station.

Funding:

The District's FY 2017-18 Budget includes budgetary item numbers WW-2017/18-4 and -5 in the total amount of \$40,000. Staff recommends using these two line items to fund the purchase of the generator and transfer and then modify the Capital Improvement Program budget (if needed) at the mid-year review. There are adequate funds in the District's reserves to fund this project.

Discussion:

When power goes out in the District the stand-by generator at the wastewater treatment plant automatically switches on to provide power to run the plant and ensure that we continue to meet the permit effluent limits and don't experience a sewage spill. Staff is proposing the District install a similar (but significantly smaller) stand-by generator and automatic switch gear at the First Street sewage pump station to avoid a sewage spill. Currently, when the power goes out, Operations staff must respond to the lift station very quickly to set-up the gas powered portable pump. Operations staff then must man the station essentially full-time since the fuel tank on the portable pump is relatively small and must be re-filled every 90 minutes or so. The District has not experienced a sewage spill/overflow at this pump station in recent years, but we have spent a considerable amount of money in emergency response and overtime pay. Installation of the stand-by generator and switch gear will minimize the chances of a sewage overflow and reduce District emergency response and operations costs.

If the Board approves the project, staff will be complete it in two phases. The first phase is to purchase/order the generator and switch gear unit. While the unit is being built, staff will solicit bids from qualified electrical contractors to install the unit at the pump station. Staff estimates installation costs will be approximately \$15,000.

Staff solicited bids from three firms. The three firms and their respective bids are provided below:

Sangha Energy, San Luis Obispo, CA.
San Luis Powerhouse, San Luis Obispo
All Tech Services, Paso Robles
\$40,960 (Generac SD030)
\$27,116 (Kohler 30 kW)
\$27,750 (Generac SD030)

Staff recommends purchasing the Generac unit from All Tech Services. The price between the Kohler and Generac is negligible and our project consultant, Greg Notley at Power and Communications, recommends that the District go with the Generac Unit and sound enclosure.

AVILA BEACH COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT

Post Office Box 309, Avila Beach, CA. 93424

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Board of Directors

FROM:

Brad Hagemann, General Manager

DATE:

August 8, 2017

SUBJECT:

District Financial Reserve Policy – Resolution No 2017-09

Recommendation:

Receive Report, consider any public comment and either provide direction to staff or adopt Resolution No. 2017-09 adopting a District Financial Reserve Policy

Discussion:

During this year's budget review process the Board and staff discussed preparation of a formal District Financial Reserve Policy. The California Special Districts Association has prepared Special District Reserve Guidelines and recommends Special District Boards consider adopting a formal Reserve Policy. An excerpt from the Guidelines document is attached for your information and review and a full copy of the Guidelines will be available at the Board meeting.

In order to move the process along in a timely and cost effective manner, staff retained Mr. Clayton Tuckfield of Tuckfield and Associates to review the District's most recent financial audit and prepare a draft Reserve Policy and accompanying Resolution. Mr. Tuckfield's firm specializes in Rate Studies, Capacity/Connection Fee Studies and Revenue Bond Feasibility Studies and he has prepared Reserve Policies for many Special Districts. There are many options for the depth and type of reserve funds a Special District can establish. Mr. Tuckfield and I attempted to strike a balance between a policy that is not too detailed and one that is detailed enough for a District the size of Avila Beach CSD.

After reviewing and commenting on an initial draft, we developed a draft Policy that included the following Reserve Funds for the water and sewer enterprises:

- Operating Reserve Fund
- Capital Replacement Reserve Fund
- Capacity Reserve Fund
- Emergency Capital Reserve Fund and
- Rate Stabilization Reserve Fund

Exhibit A of the proposed Resolution summarizes each of the reserve funds purpose and proposes a target funding level. Initial funding of the reserve funds will be accomplished by transferring funds from the District's LAIF general reserve funds. Reserve fund balances and target reserve funding levels will be reviewed and adjusted (if necessary) as part of the annual budget adoption process. The Table on Page 4 of Exhibit A provides a first draft of the reserve fund target balances.



I, Fulfilling swering a

a Need

The Formation of Special District Reserve Guidelines

section on special district reserves with an introductory finding that stated: "Hundreds of independent special districts have banked multi-million dollar reserves that or Resources for the Future?" The report included a eport entitled, "Special Districts: Relics of the Past are not well publicized and often not considered in Guidelines was a 2000 Little Hoover Commission The genesis for CSDA's Special District Reserve regional or statewide infrastructure planning."

The 2000 report raised a number of issues relating to special district reserves including:

- Lack of guidelines and consistency
- Lack of visibility and publication of district financial information
- Lack of understanding among constituents and policymakers of district finances
- Lack of districts incorporating reserve information into infrastructure planning

News media reacted to the Little Hoover Commission report with district finances were held and interest was spiked among grand banner headlines claiming that "obscure" public agencies have juries, leading them to investigate how special districts within "hoarded" billions in reserves. Legislative hearings on special their counties handle reserves.

investment policies and practices be reviewed to determine if that guidelines for prudent reserves be established, and that Ultimately, the Little Hoover Commission recommended additional oversight was warranted.

Guidelines Task Force CSDA Reserve

esponsibilities. To accomplish reserve policy and the issues force in 2001 to identify both to be discussed during policy the essential elements of a officials and administrators CSDA concurred that the establishment of reserve this, CSDA formed a task special district governing n fulfilling their fiduciary Although special district guidelines would assist advocacy organizations and data interpretation, Commission's findings disagreed with some of the Little Hoover development.

officials and administrators to services for the communities commitment to provide costfor special district governing effective and efficient public The Special District Reserve assist them in fulfilling their Guidelines were developed by the task force as a tool

Special District Reserve Guidelines

Second Edition

promote comprehensive and easily understood policies. reserve policies, develop new reserve policies, and/or Today, with over a decade having passed since CSDA convened its original task force in 2001, many special districts have utilized the guidelines to evaluate their

continuance of efforts to promulgate widespread adoption, ensure the most accurate and updated guidelines, and in Edition. CSDA encourages district officials to incorporate these new guideline elements into their policies, where produce a Special District Reserve Guidelines, Second have gained new insights on improved best practices. CSDA commissioned a second task force in 2012 to Through this decade-long process, special districts terminologies have evolved. Therefore, in order to Furthermore, certain accounting practices and applicable, based on size and services offered.

districts already have established reserve policies and most, In developing and updating the second edition, the CSDA reserves in 2000 is not lack of policy, but lack of outreach responsibilities and take them seriously. What may have generated most of the concern regarding special district if not all, special district officials recognize their fiduciary to constituents and others regarding district operations. understanding among the public, media and legislators. It is essential that special districts continue to promote outreach on district financial management to facilitate task force recognized that many independent special understanding outside their boardroom and perform



Introduction

Reserves are the foundation of the sustainable delivery of core services.

Importance of Maintaining a Reserve

districts offer taxpayers and ratepayers sustainable delivery of core services Reserves are the foundation of the Through prudent reserves, special significant benefits including:

- 1. Savings to balance budgets
 - 2. Emergency preparedness
 - 3. Stable rates
- 4. Well-maintained infrastructure
 - 5. Investment in the future

reserves too low and when are they too could jeopardize the district's long-term high? These can be delicate questions is enough? In other words, when are because unwarranted reserves could maintaining a reserve is, how much support, while insufficient reserves undermine taxpayer and ratepayer The fundamental question in sustainability.

reserve funds should be spent. Pressure services cheaper, rather than planning to expend reserves on making current Adopting a reserve policy will assist There is also the question of where for the future, is all too frequent. your agency in answering these fundamental questions.

Reasons for Adopting a **Reserve Policy**

earlier, there are many specific reasons for a special district to adopt reserve policies: and ratepayer benefits of reserves noted In addition to the over-arching taxpayer

Shared Vision:

shared understanding of the proper level A formally adopted policy promulgates a and use of reserves, which facilitates nealthy working relationships.

Objectivity:

face. Utilizing reserve policies reduces political gamesmanship and promotes of the most controversial and difficult choices that governing boards must Revenue decisions represent some esponsible long-term planning.

Fiscal Justification:

serves as a valuable tool for both making scrutiny over whether to raise or reduce policies in place prior to such occasions rates, taxes or fees. Having reserve nevitably, public agencies will face and explaining difficult decisions.

Public Awareness:

Keeping the public informed about what motives for adopting a reserve, as well boss, after all, and all of us understand as convey the reasons for maintaining you do is a fundamental responsibility stressful when the boss knows about Adopting a policy can help the district better communicate to the public the and approves of what you are doing. for any public agency. They are the from personal experience that our lobs are a lot easier and a lot less the reserve at a certain level.



Important questions about reserves

too high? These can be delicate questions because unwarranted reserves enough? In other words, when are reserves too low and when are they The fundamental question in maintaining a reserve is, how much is could undermine taxpayer and ratepayer support, while insufficient reserves could jeopardize the district's long-term sustainability.



Prudent Accumulation and Management of Reserves: Developing Policy

Each special district should develop and adopt a reserve policy.

The Special District Reserve Guidelines reflect the common belief among special districts that there should be a clear and well-articulated rationale for the accumulation and management of reserve funds. Each special district should develop and adopt a reserve policy as a commitment to financial prudence and careful stewardship of community assets. It is critical to understand that a reserve fund is designated by a public agency to carry out specific purposes in a manner consistent with other financial policies, budgetary practices, district programs, and legal requirements.

Reserve Policy Objectives:

- 1. To provide adequate funding to meet the agency's short-term and long-term plans.
- To minimize adverse annual and multi-year budgetary impacts from anticipated and unanticipated expenditures, thus minimizing the possibility of unplanned service fees or rate fluctuations.
- 3. To strengthen the financial stability of the agency against present and future uncertainties in an ever-changing environment.

Foundational Elements of a Reserve Policy:

Prior to developing a reserve policy, a district should first establish the three prerequisites below.

- 1. Clear, organizational philosophy/mission.
- 2. Policy-oriented board of directors, with long-term focus on fiscal sustainability.
- 3. Standardized method of financial reporting, such as Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Nos. 34 and/or 54.

al Districts Association

reserve priorities creates trust.

Principles for Developing a Reserve Policy:

- 1. Identify the uniqueness of the district.
- a. Consider district goals, needs and constraints.
- b. Utilize life-cycle analysis if district is capital intensive.
- c. Regularly measure condition of assets.
- Form a complete understanding of the district's core business and significant cost drivers for district operations.

3. Engage in strategic planning.

- a. By developing, regularly evaluating and, when necessary, modifying strategic plans, districts can more efficiently plan and shape their futures. Strategic planning can help district boards anticipate and adapt to changing environmental, regulatory and demographic conditions. This assists districts in establishing appropriate reserve funds and adopting adequate target levels.
- Seek community input in the strategic planning process, i.e., ratepayers and taxpayers, business groups, community organizations, other public agencies serving the same constituency, etc.

4. Make communicating a priority.

- a. A regular newsletter and annual report are good starting points; it is critical for districts to reach out to the public and explain their financial position.
 - b. Seek input through customer surveys, community meetings, and other meaningful engagement.
 - Inform customers and constituents of output and seek their input in evaluating policies.
- Recognize that a good reserve policy must be consistent with other financial policies, such as a balanced operating budget and investment policies.

6. Create and maintain a well-developed capital improvement plan.

- 7. Estimate the ebb and flow, or "seasonality," of cash-flow during the fiscal year and build a basic understanding of the degree of short-term borrowing necessary to meet such needs.
- Clearly identify reserves—both categories and purposes. Set target levels for reserves that are
 consistent with the district's mission, the district's uniqueness and the philosophy of the district's board and
 community.
- A broad reserve policy may include many elements or sub-policies. Some areas that may need subpolicies include:
- a. Rate-stabilization funds
- b. Fees and charges
- c. Debt issuance and management
- d. Deferred maintenance
- e. Level of unrestricted (contingency) funds
- f. Long-term repair and replacement

Reserve Guidelines

ecific Considerations for Budgeting and Allocating nd Balance or Net Position/Net Assets

nsiderations

Define the special district's fiscal objectives:

- a. Short-term
 - b. Long-term
 - c. Operating
- Capital

Identify where funds are used:

- a. Operating revenues are the general-purpose funds through which ongoing activities are funded.
- assessment for infrastructure must be separately accounted for and spent on designated infrastructure Special-purpose revenues often are legally restricted for a particular use. For example, a special
- proceeds should never be used for short-term operating costs because this would entail allocating current Debt proceeds should be used to fund costs that provide a benefit across fiscal years. The issuance of debt allows the district to allocate these costs by spreading the debt service to these periods. Debt operating costs to future periods.
- and uses it to provide additional full-time positions or to fund on-going operating costs, it may lead to a One-time revenues should be used for one-time expenses. If a special district gets one-time revenues budget crisis when the one-time funding runs out.



One-time Revenue

include: infrequent sales of government assets, bond refunding savings, infrequent revenues According to the Government Finance Officers Association, "Examples of one-time revenue from development and grants. These revenue may be available for more than one year e.g. , a three-year grant) but are expected to be non-recurring."

One-time Expenditures

which a government may wish to use one-time revenue include start up costs, stabilization (e.g. to cover expenditures that temporarily exceed revenues), early debt retirement, and According to the Government Finance Officers Association, "Examples of expenditures capital purchases."

Components of Fund Balance

balance. Fund balance reporting standards play a part in describing how much of fund balance might be available for a reserve and how much is limited to other purposes. In governmental funds, "reserves" typically comprise a portion of the total fund GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, changes how fund balance has traditionally been reported

government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts In the past, reporting of fund balance focused on whether resources were available for appropriation). GASB Statement No. 54 changes the focus to the "extent to which the in the fund can be spent" and establishes five different components of fund balance; appropriation (i.e., budgeting) and distinguished between "unreserved fund balance" (i.e., available for appropriation) and "reserved fund balance" (i.e., not available for

COMPONENTS OF FUND BALANCE

UNASSIGNED OR UNDESIGNATED FUND BALANCE	This comprisos	all fund balances	that are left	after considering	the other four	categories.	Use is least	constrained in	this category of	fund balance.						
ASSIGNED OR DESIGNATED FUND BALANCE	This nortion is parmarked	for an intended use. The	intent is established at	either the highest level	of decision making or	by a body or official	designated for that	purpose. For example,	a share of fund balance	might be assigned	to offset a gap in the	budget stemming from	a decline in revenues or	an allotment could be	assigned for an upcoming	special project.
COMMITTED FUND BALANCE	This encompasses	limitations imposed	by the special district	upon itself at its highest	level of decision making	(e.g., governing board	through a resolution). For	example, the governing	board might commit a	portion of fund balance	to a "stabilization fund"	to provide a cushion	against unknown	economic shocks and	revenue declines.	
RESTRICTED FUND BALANCE	This	classification	has externally	enforceable	limitations	on the use of	fund balance,	imposed by	parties such	as creditors,	grantors	or laws or	regulations	of other	governments.	
NONSPENDABLE FUND BALANCE	This category	is inherently	nonspendable,	such as the	long-term	portion	of loans	receivable, the	principle of an	endowment	and	inventories.				

CONSTRAINED

Jnassigned fund balance is typically the primary subject of palance may also be thought of as part of a reserve policy as the governing board or management, respectively, has place parameters on them through reserve policy in order a reserve policy. However, committed and assigned fund some control over the balances. Conversely, restricted to achieve prudent savings and expenditures of public fundamentally constrained, making it unnecessary to und balances or nonspendable fund balances are esources

amounts that are unassigned and that it is not available for egarding minimum fund balance and spending priorities It is recommended that every district establish policies in order to communicate to users the importance of a eserve for economic uncertainties, why it consists of spending

available for a specific purpose. Where such policies do not exist, GASB 54 prescribes that the default order in which Districts' policies should specify the order in which fund these amounts should be spent is committed, assigned, balances are spent when more than one amount is and then unassigned



GASB 54

affected and that financial statement users were unable balance reporting were being interpreted inconsistently to readily interpret reported fund balance information." According to the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, statement No. 54 was issued after, "...research balance information reported by many governments also was inconsistent. It also became clear that the understandability of fund balance information was by different governments. Consequently, the fund revealed that the existing standards guiding fund

GASB fact sheet about Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental



Sample Policy The "X" district

and assigned categories district from the effects budgeted general fund expenditures and other districts are vulnerable. property tax revenues are subject to varying reserve for economic is prudent to maintain restricted, committed maintains a minimum Because amounts in consists of balances financing uses as a than "X" percent of reserve of this level constraints on their balance of not less use, the reserve for a high bond rating uncertainties. The the nonspendable, that are otherwise district believes a and to protect the unassigned fund of fluctuations in to which special unassigned.

Reserve Level Targets

either regular operating revenues or regular operating is more predictable. A government that relies heavily expenditures as a basis depends on which element A reserve policy must set a target level of reserves on property taxes typically would choose revenues, to maintain. The target is typically defined in terms spikes or drops that would distort long-term trends. either case, the base should only reflect operating numbers and should remove the effect of unusual revenue portfolio might choose expenditures. In of unrestricted fund balance as a percentage of expenditures. The choice between revenue and whereas a government with a less predictable

With the basis of the target defined, the next step is to governments, special districts should carefully balance select a reserve-level target number. The Government associated with the district's operational environment. Finance Officers Association (GFOA) offers guidance operating revenues or regular general fund operating expenditures, regardless of size. As special-purpose such general advice with the unique circumstances governments should maintain in their general fund as to the amount of unassigned fund balance

formulas or ratios that establish minimums to provide a red flag warning when equity may be too low. Some of special district may want to establish key benchmarks In considering what constitutes adequate reserves, a or ratios. Many industries have key equity target those ratios may include the following:

- Debt to Equity
- Property Taxes to Equity
 - Current Ratio
- Capital Outlay to Equity
- Capital Outlay to Operating Expenses

Certain districts may establish their own ratios based on the unique aspects of the district or an operating environment that may be different than other organizations in their industry.



Local Conditions as a Basis

hedge against uncertainty a that fund balance is ultimate staff should analyze the risk local conditions. "...Finance that influence the need for a local decision based on Officers Association notes maintaining reserves as a The Government Finance

(p.57, GFOA, Financial Policies)

Articulating Financial Position and Decisions

Is this organization in good financial shape? That depends on the condition of the current assets and the short-term and long-term needs of the organization as they relate to its resources. If there exists significant current infrastructure needs, then financing may be required. Is enough set aside for contingencies? If water costs increase by 10 percent, or new environmental or health standards are issued, how will that affect total net assets?

Governmental entities collect, hold and expend resources in public trust. If too little is collected, they risk failing to meet mandated needs. If too much is collected, they overburden the public and tie up resources that taxpayers and ratepayers could use in the economy. Historically, governments have been known to spend most of their resources each year and too often fail to properly plan for long-term needs. Special districts should carefully examine their operations and budget to ensure that expenses, such as capital needs and contingencies, are anticipated and appropriate resources are set aside.

Some governments, either through good fortune or good planning, have reserved net assets for future plans and needs.
What most governments have failed to do, as emphasized in the 2000 Little Hoover Commission's report, is to effectively communicate their plans for the net assets and explain why the balance is appropriate.

Each special district needs to:

- Analyze its financial position.
 Examine its current and long-
- term needs, including a capital improvement plan.

 3. Establish its target fund balance or
- net assets.

 4. Outline its goals and needs through policy, budgets and enhanced financial statement note disclosures.
- 5. Anticipate public scrutiny of financial statements and proactively communicate how finances are being used in a manner the public can easily digest.

Conclusion

It is recommended that special districts, at minimum, conduct a review of their reserve policy annually to ensure it meets the needs of the district and is in compliance with any requirements/ standards that may have changed.

Each special district's financial and legal professionals should review reserve policies prio adoption to ensure they are in compliance with a current laws and regulations. Reserve policy sho be established based on each district's unique financial situation. Any reserve policy needs to breviewed regularly as the financial environment within which it functions is dynamic and there more applicable legislative or regulatory changes.

The 2000 Little Hoover Commission report concluded that there was a disconnect between special districts and their constituents and other local government entities. Therefore, it is importe that each agency not only develop a reserve politic but ensure that stakeholders know and understathe district's financial position and decision-making process.

Districts should consider preparation of a public outreach program to communicate financial and program information on a regular basis to affected or interested populations. How involved each respective public outreach program is for a district is typically determined by the size and complexity of the district. A first step may be as simple as adding the information to an agency's website or the development of an annual report. CSDA encourages districts to take the next step and proactively engage the public to ensure its awareness.

We hope you find these guidelines helpful and if you have any comments or suggestions on how can improve this document, please contact us at 877,924.2732.

AVILA BEACH COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT RESOLUTION No. 2017-09

RESOLUTION OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE AVILA BEACH COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT REGARDING WATER AND WASTEWATER ENTERPRISE FUNDS INCLUDIGN: OPERATING RESERVE, CAPITAL RESERVE, CAPACITY RESERVE, EMERGENCY CAPITAL RESERVE, AND RATE STABILIZATION RESERVE

WHEREAS, it appropriate and necessary for the Avila Beach Community Services District (the "District") to set goals for its reserve balances for long range financial and strategic planning; and,

WHEREAS, the District has reviewed its reserve requirements and determined that it is necessary to establish certain reserve funds and cash balances;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, DETERMINED, AND ORDERED by the Board of Directors, Avila Beach Community Services District, San Luis Obispo County, California, as the following findings and establish the reserve funds for each of water and sewer enterprises as listed below.

- Operating Reserve Fund
- Capital Replacement Reserve Fund
- Capacity Reserve Fund
- Emergency Capital Reserve Fund
- Rate Stabilization Reserve Fund

Each of these reserves are defined in Exhibit A Reserve Policy attached to this Resolution. The Board of Directors shall review the Reserve Policy and the level of reserves in each fund on an annual basis.

ON MOTION of Directorcall vote to wit:	seconded by Director	, and on the following roll
AYES:		
NOES:		
ABSENT:		
The foregoing resolution is here	eby adopted this 8 th day of Augus	t, 2017.
Peter Kelley, President		
ATTEST:		
Secretary to the Board of Direc	_ tors	

AVILA BEACH COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT

RESOLUTION No. 2017-09

RESERVES POLICY

EXHIBIT A

Purpose

The purpose of the Avila Beach Community Services District's Reserve Policy ("Reserve Policy") is to ensure that the District has sufficient funding available at all times to meet its operating, capital, and debt service obligations. Reserves should be managed in a manner to fund costs consistent with its annual capital improvement program, forward-looking financial plan, and other long-term plans while avoiding significant rate fluctuations due to changes in cash flow requirements.

Policy

The Board of Directors ("Board") of the Avila Beach Community Services District ("District") may establish reserve funds and reserve minimum balances as it determines to be in the best interest of the District. The reserve balances are intended to ensure that the District has sufficient reserves to meet current and future needs. Such balances shall be reviewed by the Board and District staff on an annual basis as part of the budget process.

With this Policy, the District establishes and segregates several reserve funds to protect the investment in various assets and to meet its financial, regulatory, and contractual obligations. The proper management of these reserves will provide additional assurance that the current levels of service quality and reliability will be met now and into the future.

This Reserve Policy establishes the reserve funds and the level of reserves necessary for adequately providing for the following.

- Funding infrastructure replacement
- Cash flow requirements
- Loss of revenue due to loss of the largest customer, reduced capacity charges, drought conditions, heavy rainfall, or other condition
- Economic uncertainty
- Local disasters or catastrophic events
- Unfunded mandates and regulatory changes and requirements

Reserve Funds

The District's reserve funds may be generally classified as operating, capital, and restricted funds. A "fund" is a segregation within the District's accounting system to keep sources and

uses of funds easily identifiable and reportable. The funds established with this Reserve Policy are for water and wastewater service separately.

The cash reserve balances are to be maintained in separate funds within the accounting system in a manner that ensures accurate tracking of transactions and transparency to the District's ratepayers. The District will follow standardized methods of financial reporting such as Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 34 and/or No. 54.

The target reserve levels are considered to be the minimum levels for each fund. The minimum reserve balances are intended to support a sustainable financial condition, recognizing the risk and long-range financial planning perspective that is acceptable to the District. It is intended that interest income generated from any specific restricted reserve fund remain in such fund until any regulatory or contractual maximum is achieved. Once such maximum is achieved, interest income will be allocated to the Operating Fund until it's maximum is reached as stated in this Reserve Policy. Reserves over the maximum are transferred to the associated Capital Replacement Fund.

The following funds and reserve targets are established with this Reserve Policy.

Operating Fund Reserve

<u>Purpose</u>: The purpose of the Operating Fund Reserve is to provide working capital to meet cash flow needs during normal operations and to support the operation, maintenance and administration of the utility. The reserve is intended to reduce impacts from unforeseen events such as increased purchased water cost, loss of the District's largest customer, severe drought, heavy rainfall, replacement of rolling stock, litigation, and legislative actions. This reserve ensures that operations can continue should there be significant events that impact cash flows.

<u>Target Reserve</u>: The Target Reserve for this fund is established as a range between a minimum of 90 days (3 months) of annual operation and maintenance ("O&M") expense and a maximum of 270 days (9 months) of O&M. Reserves over 270 days will be transferred to the Capital Replacement Fund Reserve at the end of a fiscal year.

Capital Replacement Fund Reserve

<u>Purpose</u>: The Capital Replacement Fund Reserve is used to fund future replacement of system capital assets and capital projects and to provide a cushion for inaccuracy in the long-range capital replacement program. The reserve provides for timely repair and replacement of system capital facilities.

<u>Target Reserve</u>: The Target Reserve for the water system is 2 times the average annual 5-year Capital Improvement Program expenditures. For the wastewater system, the Target Reserve is equal to the average annual 5-year Capital Improvement Program expenditures.

Capacity Fund Reserve

<u>Purpose</u>: The purpose of the Capacity Fund Reserve is to receive and accumulate Capacity Charge revenue which is used to fund new development capital projects identified in the District's capital improvement plans.

<u>Target Reserve</u>: There is no specific target reserve amount established for this fund.

Emergency Capital Fund Reserve

<u>Purpose</u>: The purpose of the Emergency Capital Fund Reserve is to provide for recovery from natural disasters, such as earthquakes, floods, and other catastrophic events, and allow for timely repair of capital infrastructure.

<u>Target Reserve</u>: The Target Reserve amount established for this fund is 10 percent of fixed asset value for the water system and 5 percent of fixed asset value for the wastewater system.

Rate Stabilization Fund Reserve

<u>Purpose</u>: The purpose of the Rate Stabilization Fund Reserve is to assist in providing a buffer and to smooth rate increases for District customers during any period where there are unexpected increases in operating costs or decreases in revenues. Reserves from the Rate Stabilization Fund may be withdrawn to reduce rate increases and to ensure any minimum debt service coverage requirements are met.

<u>Target Reserve</u>: The Target Reserve is established to approximately equal 10 percent of annual rate revenues, currently about \$60,000 for the water system and \$80,000 for the wastewater system.

Current Reserve and Target Reserve Summary

Reserve Targets and June 30, 2016 Reserve Balances

Reserve Type	Reserve Balance [1]	Reserve Target
Water System		
Operating Reserve [2]	\$114,000	\$114,000
Capital Replacement Reserve	1,242,178	300,000
Capacity Reserve	0	n/a
Emergency Capital Reserve	55,000	55,000
Rate Stabilization [2]	60,000	60,000
Total	\$1,471,178	\$529,000
Wastewater System		
Operating Reserve [2]	\$0	\$156,000
Capital Replacement Reserve	0	520,000
Capacity Reserve	0	n/a
Emergency Capital Reserve	0	155,000
Rate Stabilization [2]	0	80,000
Total	\$0	\$911,000

^[1] As of June 30, 2016.

^[2] Reserve Target based on FY 17-18 Budget.

AVILA BEACH COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT

Post Office Box 309, Avila Beach, CA. 93424

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Board of Directors

FROM:

Brad Hagemann, General Manager

DATE:

August 8, 2017

SUBJECT:

Avila Beach Community Services District

Draft Recycled Water Facilities Planning Study

Recommendation:

Receive Report and Provide Direction to Staff.

Funding:

Initial funding for this project has been provided by the District. In accordance with the District's Proposition 13 Water Recycling Grant Agreement, executed in March 2016, the State Water Resources Control Board will provide reimbursement for 50% of the cost of the study, up a maximum of \$75,000. Since the scope of this study included the entire Avila Valley region, the San Miguelito Mutual Water Company Board agreed to a 50/50 share of the remaining 50% of the study costs. The contract amount for the study was approximately \$135,000. To date the District has spent approximately \$115,000.

Background:

In March 2016, the Board approved Resolution No. 2016-01, authoring the General Manager to complete the Grant Application Process with the State Water Resources Control Board and moving ahead with the Study. The State Board subsequently approved the application and staff worked with San Miguelito Mutual Water Company staff and Water Systems Consulting over the last 12 months to prepare the draft Planning Study.

Discussion:

The goals of the Planning Study were to: identify, evaluate and prioritize new drought resistant recycled water supply alternatives; Evaluate potential recycled water projects; and identify a preferred location or locations for a future regional water recycling plant. The Study included an analysis of existing and future regional water supply, water demand and wastewater flows along with recycled water market and opportunities. The Study concluded that the Avila Beach Golf Course is clearly the largest commercial irrigation user in the area (over 200 acre feet per year). The golf course's participation is critical for a recycled water project to make any sense. However, the golf course currently obtains a large percentage of their irrigation water from shallow wells along San Luis Obispo Creek at a cost that is significantly less than the incremental market rate of producing tertiary treated water suitable for unrestricted irrigation.

District staff received the draft report only a few days before publication of the August 8, meeting agenda packet so we have not had time to provide a thorough summary. The purpose of this report is to provide the Board with a copy of the draft Executive Summary to allow the Board members to conduct an initial review of the information and recommendations. Staff suggests that we plan on bringing the report back at the September Board meeting for a more thorough analysis and discussion that will lead to finalizing the Study and provide direction for our path forward at the wastewater treatment plant.

Draft

Recycled Water Facilities Planning Study

Prepared for the

Avila Beach Community Services District



Prepared Under the Responsible Charge of:

Christopher Malejan

California R.C.E. No. 80568, Expires 03/31/2019



7/27/2017



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LIST OF TERMS, ACRONYMS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

Below is the list of abbreviations found in this report and their definitions, in alphabetical order.

Abbreviation	Definition
AACE	Association for the Advancement of Cost Engineering
ADWF	Average dry weather flow
AFM	Acre feet per month
AFY	Acre feet per year
AGR	Agricultural beneficial use
AOP	Advanced oxidation process
AVMWC	Avila Valley Mutual Water Company
Basin Plan	Water Quality Control Plan for the Central Coast Basin
BOD	Biochemical oxygen demand
CASGEM	California Statewide Groundwater Elevation Monitoring
CCR	California Code of Regulations
CEC	Constituent of Emerging Concern
CEQA	California Environmental Quality Act
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
CHG	Cleath-Harris Geologists, Inc.
CIMIS	California Irrigation Management Information System
COLD	Cold Fresh Water Habitat
СОММ	Commercial and Sport Fishing
CSA 12	San Luis Obispo County Service Area 12
CWA	Clean Water Act
DDW	Division of Drinking Water
District	Avila Beach Community Services District
DPR	Direct potable reuse
DWR	Department of Water Resources
EC	Electrical conductivity
EIR	Environmental Impact Report
FFR	Fixed film reactor
FOA	Funding Opportunity Announcement
FRM	Fluid Resource Management
FRSH	Freshwater Replenishment
FTE	Full time equivalent
GAMA	Groundwater Ambient Monitoring and Assessment
GIS	Graphic Information System
gpd	Gallons per day
gpm	Gallons per minute
GWR	Groundwater Recharge
HOA	Home owners' association
IPR	Indirect potable reuse
Lopez Water	Surface water from San Luis Obispo County Lopez Reservoir
MBR	Membrane bioreactor



MCL	Maximum contaminant level
MGD	Million gallons per day
MIGR	Migration of Aquatic Organisms
MLSS	Mixed liquor suspended solids
MPN	Most Probable Number
MUN	Municipal and Domestic Supply
NDMA	N-nitrosodimethylamine
NPDES	National Pollution Discharge Elimination System
0&M	Operation and maintenance
Port	Port San Luis
RAS	Return activated sludge
REC 1	Water Contact Recreation
RO	Reverse osmosis
ROWD	Report of Waste Discharge
RWC	Recycled water contribution
RW Master Plan	2004 Water Reuse Master Plan
RWQCB	Central Coast Regional Water Quality Control Board
SAR	Sodium absorption ratio
SAT	Soil aquifer treatment
SGMA	Sustainable Groundwater Management Act
SLO	San Luis Obispo
SLOCFC	San Luis Obispo County Flood Control and Water Conservation District
SMMWC	San Miguelito Mutual Water Company
SNMP	Salt and Nutrient Management Plan
SOI	Sphere of Influence
SPWN	Spawning, Reproduction, and/or Early Development
Study	Recycled Water Facilities Planning Study
SWP	State Water Project
SWRCB	State Water Resources Control Board
TDS	Total dissolved solids
TSS	Total suspended solids
USBR	United States Bureau of Reclamation
USDA	United States Department of Agriculture
UV	Ultraviolet
WARM	Warm Fresh Water Habitat
WDR	Waste Discharge Requirement
WRFP	Water Recycling Funding Program
WRRF	Water resource recovery facility
WSC	Water Systems Consulting, Inc.
WWTP	Wastewater treatment plant



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1 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Avila Beach Community Services District (District), in partnership with the San Miguelito Mutual Water Company (SMMWC), hired Water Systems Consulting, Inc. (WSC) to conduct this Recycled Water Facilities Planning Study (Study) to develop and evaluate alternatives for recycled water production and use in the Avila Valley within the District's Sphere of Influence (SOI).

The recycled water goals for this Study are:

- 1. Identify, screen and prioritize new drought-resistant recycled water supply alternatives to enhance regional water supply reliability;
- 2. Evaluate regional recycled water projects based on economic and non-economic factors; and
- Identify the preferred location for a future regional wastewater treatment plant in order to address aging infrastructure and the long-term sustainability of wastewater treatment in the SOI.

The District and SMMWC each have their own wastewater treatment plants (WWTPs) that treat wastewater from their respective service areas. There have been no prior recycled water initiatives within the Avila Valley. The purpose of this Study is to evaluate feasible recycled water alternatives that would diversify the Avila Valley's water supply portfolio, provide a drought-resistant source of supply, and create opportunities for shared regional facilities and collaboration. This Study was funded in part by a grant from the California State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) Water Recycling Funding Program (WRFP).

1.1 WATER SUPPLY, WATER DEMAND, AND WASTEWATER FLOWS

The water supply, buildout water demand, and wastewater flows for the District and SMMWC are presented in Table 1-1. At full surface water allocation (i.e. State Water Project (SWP) Table A and Lopez Reservoir), each water purveyor has sufficient supply to meet buildout demands. However, full allocation is rarely achieved, especially during drought conditions. The District has purchased a 100 acrefeet per year (AFY) drought buffer to supplement their Table A SWP allocation, which has historically been delivered at approximately 62% of the maximum Table A allocation but has been as low as 5%.

Table 1-1: Buildout Water and Wastewater Characteristics for the District and SMMWC

	Water Supply ¹ (AFY)	Water Demand (AFY)	Wastewater Flow (gpd/AFY) ²
District	168	108	81,300/91.1
SMMWC	464	302	128,280/144
Total	632	410	209,580/235

Notes:



¹ Water supply includes historical groundwater production levels and full allocation of all surface water supplies ² gpd = gallons per day

During dry years, the District is expected to face supply deficits at buildout according to WSC's *Water Resources Analysis Technical Memorandum* (1). This deficit can be as high as 37 AFY if buildout demand does not change due to drought conditions (1). SMMWC's worst case scenario water supply was conservatively estimated as 216.5 AFY by Garing Taylor & Associates in their *Water Resources Analysis*, indicating a potential supply shortfall of 85 AFY at buildout conditions (2). Recycled water production could provide an opportunity to meet this potential supply shortfall.

1.2 RECYCLED WATER MARKET AND OPPORTUNITIES

Currently, no recycled water is produced in the Study Area, which is defined as the District's SOI (Figure 1-1), therefore a new market and new recycled water customers were identified as part of this Study. Potential recycled water production was also estimated. Projected recycled water availability at buildout for the District is approximately 91 AFY (based on 2014-2016 average annual wastewater generation data available), for SMMWC is approximately 144 AFY (based on 2009-2015 average annual wastewater generation data available), and combined is approximately 235 AFY.

For the purposes of this Study, the Project Team only evaluated potential recycled water demand from customers within the District's and SMMWC's service areas that had existing irrigation meters or had large demands (i.e. the Avila Beach Golf Course). Since these customers have sufficient demand for the recycled water generated, there was no need to expand the market analysis. Additionally, by focusing on just the District's and SMMWC's service areas, interagency agreements necessary for the implementation of the recycled water alternatives can be streamlined.

Potential customers were categorized into one of four recycled water groups based on their location, in an effort to optimize distribution piping. Groups 1-4 are shown in **Figure 1-2**. All identified users require disinfected tertiary recycled water at a minimum, as the end uses include residential landscaping, a park, and an unrestricted access golf course. The market for potable reuse via groundwater augmentation includes all potable water customers who receive drinking water from groundwater wells (i.e. SMMWC's service area).



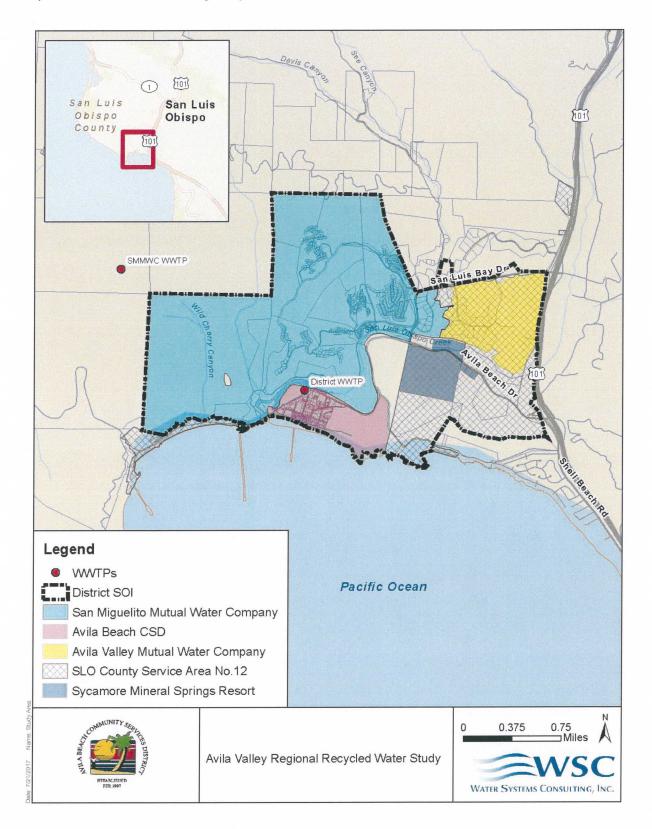


Figure 1-1: Map of the Study Area



Table 1-2. Potential Recycled Water Customers

Potential Customer	Service Area	Use Type	Potential Demand (AFY) ¹	Recycled Water Group
Avila Beach Golf Course	SMMWC	Commercial Irrigation	207	1
San Luis Bay Inn	SMMWC	Commercial Irrigation	5.9	1
Avila Beach Park	District	Commercial Irrigation	0.06	1
Avila Village	SMMWC	Commercial Irrigation	4.4	2
Avila Bay Club	SMMWC	Commercial Irrigation	0.82	2
Pelican Point Home Owners' Association (HOA)	SMMWC	Residential Irrigation	10,1	2
Mallard Green HOA	SMMWC	Residential Irrigation	3.7	2
Indian Hill HOA	SMMWC	Residential Irrigation	5.8	3
Skylark HOA	SMMWC	Residential Irrigation	2.5	3
Kingfisher HOA	SMMWC	Residential Irrigation	0.33	3
Heron Crest HOA	SMMWC	Residential Irrigation	0.43	4
Total			240	-

Note:

1. Potential demand is the anticipated recycled water demand for each customer. It was estimated using average consumption data from 2011-2015 for each customer, as measured by irrigation meters, with the exception of the golf course. Golf course irrigation demand was estimated using evapotranspiration and precipitation data from the California Irrigation Management Information System (CIMIS). Additional information is provided in Section 6.1. Due to the seasonality of wastewater flows and water demands, not all of the potential demand can be met through recycled water.





1.3 PROJECT ALTERNATIVES ANALYSIS

Based on discussions with the District and SMMWC (collectively the Project Team) at the Alternatives Development Workshop on December 20, 2016, a total of three alternatives were identified to be further developed and evaluated within this Study. During the Alternatives Evaluation Workshop on June 9, 2017, WSC worked with the Project Team to refine Alternatives 2A, 2B, and 2C into a new alternative that is presented as Alternative 2D. These alternatives are:

- 1. Alternative 1: No Recycled Water Alternative
- 2. Alternative 2: Disinfected Tertiary Recycled Water, with 4 sub-alternatives:
 - Individual Tertiary Facilities: upgrade both the District's and SMMWC's wastewater treatment plants to produce tertiary recycled water for unrestricted landscape irrigation.
 - b. Regional Tertiary Water Resource Recovery Facility (WRRF) at Wild Cherry Canyon: construct a new regional WRRF along the Wild Cherry Canyon access road that will produce disinfected tertiary recycled water for unrestricted landscape irrigation.
 - c. Regional Tertiary WRRF at Cave Landing: construct a new regional WRRF at the Chevron site near Cave Landing Road that will produce disinfected tertiary recycled water for unrestricted landscape irrigation.
 - d. Regional Tertiary WRRF at Existing SMMWC Site: construct a new regional WRRF on SMMWC's existing site in Wild Cherry Canyon to produce disinfected tertiary recycled water for unrestricted landscape irrigation.
- 3. Alternative 3: Regional Advanced Treatment at Wild Cherry Canyon: construct a new regional WRRF along the Wild Cherry Canyon access road that will produce advanced treated recycled water for groundwater augmentation.

It should be noted that none of the alternatives were analyzed in terms of flood risk, which leads to the recommendation of additional analysis in Section 8.

Alternative 1 assumes the following conditions:

- Maintenance of secondary treatment levels at both the District's and SMMWC's wastewater treatment plants (WWTPs);
- Additional redundancy at the District's WWTP in the form of a new aeration tank based on prior analysis by Kennedy-Jenks; and
- Maintenance of status quo at SMMWC's WWTP as no previous analysis has been completed for necessary treatment plant upgrades.

Alternative 1 is an important component of this Study because it establishes a baseline against which to compare the other alternatives and ultimately decide whether to invest future funds in improvements to existing infrastructure, new facilities, or a new joint regional WRRF.

Alternative 1 has several advantages compared to the other options, those advantages include that it is the cheapest to construct and operate as it requires minimal construction, no new conveyance infrastructure, and no additional staff. Operations staff also have the greatest understanding of this



alternative as they have been operating their respective systems for years and are familiar with the required operations and maintenance tasks. However, the disadvantages of Alternative 1 are significant and include no water resource recovery or water supply diversification, leaving the Avila Valley more susceptible to drought conditions with the potential for water supply shortages (see Section 3). Additionally, under Alternative 1, no steps are taken to address the uncertain long term sustainability of the current wastewater treatment strategy for the Avila Valley. Alternative 1 does not address risks associated with aging infrastructure, flooding, or long term regulatory compliance. Unlike the other alternatives evaluated as part of this Study, Alternative 1, does not provide regional benefits and does not provide cost sharing or partnering opportunities.

Alternative 2 investigates the production and use of disinfected tertiary recycled water for irrigation within the Study Area. Irrigation demand within the Study Area comes primarily from an unrestricted-access golf course, food crops, and residential landscaping. These types of irrigation require recycled water to meet disinfected tertiary standards. Alternative 2 is divided into 4 sub-alternatives to determine the optimal method for providing disinfected tertiary recycled water to the Avila Valley. Alternative 2A (Individual Tertiary Facilities) involves upgrading each existing WWTP to meet disinfected tertiary standards. Alternative 2B (Regional Tertiary WRRF at Wild Cherry Canyon), Alternative 2C (Regional Tertiary WRRF at Cave Landing), and Alternative 2D (Regional Tertiary WRRF at SMMWC existing site) each involve the construction of a new regional WRRF that produces disinfected tertiary recycled water. These regional facilities include the same level of treatment and plant design but are sited at different locations to analyze impacts on conveyance and distribution of recycled water.

Advantages of Alternative 2 include an increase in system reliability and robustness with the addition of treatment processes and increase in effluent water quality. All sub-alternatives of Alternative 2 provide a drought-resistant water supply via water resource recovery, and thus reduce potable water demand. Disinfected tertiary treatment is also most likely to meet future permit requirements for the region. The siting locations of Alternatives 2A and 2D are advantageous because no additional land would have to be acquired for the treatment process, and existing infrastructure and knowledge could be leveraged at the sites. Alternative 2 also has potential for cost-sharing, regional collaboration, and partnering in the Avila Valley. Disadvantages of Alternative 2 include the significant amount of conveyance infrastructure required to deliver recycled water. Specifically, Alternative 2A would require that operations remain functional during construction at both facilities, and would result in duplicate efforts at the two plants. Additionally, Alternative 2A requires more conveyance pipeline and potentially redundant operations and maintenance tasks. Alternative 2C's site is in the California Coastal Zone, a characteristic which will most likely lead to additional regulatory requirements.

Under Alternative 3, the District and SMMWC would augment their potable water supply through indirect potable reuse (IPR). This type of potable reuse would involve treating the wastewater to tertiary standards, further treating the water via advanced purification, percolating it into a groundwater aquifer, and extracting the water downstream as potable water supply.

Advantages of Alternative 3 include increased system reliability and robustness with the addition of the advanced treatment train. This alternative is also unique in that it maximizes resource recovery and adds



a drought-resistant potable water supply to the region's water supply portfolio. This alternative augments the groundwater supply and reduces consumption of imported water. Alternative 3 also presents the opportunity for cost-sharing, regional collaboration, and partnering. However, Alternative 3, has the highest cost of all the alternatives analyzed. It also requires the most advanced treatment plant, more experienced/higher trained staff, and the most involved permitting process.

Table 1-3 summarizes the alternatives' recycled water yield and total project costs. For more detailed cost tables and assumptions, please refer to Section 7 and - Planning Level Cost Estimates.

Table 1-3: Alternatives Summary

	Alternative 1: No Recycled Water	Alternative 2A: Individual Tertiary Facilities	Alternative 2B: Regional Tertiary WRRF at Wild Cherry Canyon	Alternative 2C: Regional Tertiary WRRF at Cave Landing	Alternative 2D: Regional Tertiary WRRF at SMMWC Site	Alternative 3: Regional Advanced Treatment and Groundwater Augmentation
Capital Cost	\$2,520,000	\$12,180,000	\$31,590,000	\$33,020,000	\$32,760,000	\$49,760,000
Existing O&M ¹	\$865,000	\$865,000	-	-		-
Project O&M	\$66,000	\$822,000	\$1,470,000	\$1,510,000	\$1,480,000	\$2,440,000
Annualized Capital Cost ²	\$150,000	\$700,000	\$1,830,000	\$1,910,000	\$1,890,000	\$2,880,000
Equivalent Annual Cost ³	\$1,081,000	\$2,387,000	\$3,300,000	\$3,420,000	\$3,370,000	\$5,320,000
Net Present Value	\$23,320,000	\$48,850,000	\$61,320,000	\$63,450,000	\$62,470,000	\$99,360,000
Recycled Water Delivered (AFY) ⁴	0	170	170	170	170	176
Incremental Unit Cost (\$/AF) ⁵	N/A	\$7,700	\$13,100	\$13,800	\$13,500	\$24,100

Notes:

Table 1-3 shows that all of the recycled water alternatives are costly. In this Study, cost is less of a project driver than risk reduction related to aging infrastructure, water supply reliability, and long term wastewater treatment sustainability.



¹ Existing operation and maintenance (O&M) costs were provided by the District and SMMWC.

² Annualized capital costs are calculated over 30 years at an interest rate of 4%.

³ Equivalent annual cost includes annualized capital costs, and existing and Project O&M costs.

⁴ Recycled water delivered is assumed to be for Recycled Water Group 1 for Alternative 2A-2D.

⁵ Incremental unit cost is the cost per acre foot of recycled water above the No Recycled Water Alternative.

1.4 RECOMMENDED FACILITIES PROJECT

Alternative 2D, refined from Alternatives 2B and 2C, was chosen as the preferred project alternative by the Project Team during the Alternatives Evaluation Workshop. It includes a regional tertiary recycled water WRRF that would treat wastewater from the District's and SMMWC's service areas for beneficial use. Under this alternative, the plant would be located at the site of SMMWC's current wastewater treatment plant. This siting location is preferable because no additional land has to be acquired for the treatment process, and existing infrastructure and knowledge could be leveraged at the site. Alternative 2D provides the additional benefit of a regional solution with cost-sharing potential. Group 1 was selected as the preferred recycled water user group because the high economic costs outweighed the minor increase in recycled water demand from serving the other potential user groups. WSC recommends, however, that a site-specific hydrologic study be prepared as part of the environmental review process prior to project implementation to asses potential flood risk and options for flood protection. None of the cost estimates provided in Table 1-3 include flood proofing or major grading changes associated with flood protection.

No stakeholder outreach has been completed to-date, but this draft Study will be shared with the following stakeholders: District's Board of Directors, SMMWC's Board of Directors, Avila Beach Golf Course, the County of San Luis Obispo, Port San Luis, and Avila Valley Mutual Water Company.

The new regional WRRF would produce disinfected tertiary recycled water for landscape irrigation. As described in Section 7, the regional alternatives evaluated in this Study include membrane bioreactor (MBR) and UV disinfection facilities. It should be noted that though these technologies have been selected as a basis for comparison, there are other tertiary treatment options that may be a better fit for a regional plant in the Avila Valley. These options should be evaluated in detail during project planning and design. Regardless, a tertiary facility is expected to be more reliable than the current treatment plants, and will meet and/or exceed the needs of the users. The design flow criteria for the new regional WRRF are summarized in Table 1-4.

Table 1-4. Preliminary Design Criteria

Parameter	Units	Value	
Combined Average Annual Flow	Million gallons per day (MGD)	0.21	
Combined Maximum Daily Flow	MGD	0.67	
Combined Max Day Peaking Factor	Multiplier	3.2	

If this project moves forward to implementation, it can be expected to begin with user commitments in 2019. Table 1-5 shows the preliminary implementation schedule in general terms because the start date is unclear at this point. It is anticipated that recycled water use commitments will be gathered prior to moving forward with project design. After permitting is completed, recycled water use agreements can be obtained.



Table 1-5. Preliminary Implementation Schedule



Table 1-6 shows the implementation costs for the preferred alternative escalated 4.25 years to the midpoint of construction at 3% inflation, which can be expected to be April 2023 if the project begins in January 2019.

Table 1-6. Implementation Cost Estimate

	Total
Capital Cost	\$32,760,000
Project O&M	\$1,480,000
Annualized Capital Cost	\$1,890,000
Equivalent Annual Cost	\$3,370,000
Net Present Value	\$62,470,000
Annual Yield (AF)	170
Incremental Unit Cost (\$/AF)	\$13,500



